Industrial Wireless Access Point/Bridge/Client

User Manual IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL

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User Manual IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL

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Table of Contents

Introduction		. 1
Overview		2
Package Checklist		. 2
Product Features		. 2
Product Specifications		
Functional Design		. 6
Device Ports		
LED Indicators		
Beeper		
Reset Button		
Relay (Digital Output)		
Getting Started		
First-time Installation and Configuration		
Communication Testing		
Function Map		
Web Console Configuration	1	.5
Web Browser Configuration		
Overview		
Quick Setup		
General Setup		
System Information		
Interface On/Off		
Network Settings		
System Time		
Wireless LAN Setup		
Operation Mode		
Basic WLAN Setup		
WLAN Security Settings		
Advanced WLAN Settings		
WLAN Certificate Settings (For EAP-TLS in Client/Slave Mode Only)		
Advanced Setup		כו
Using Virtual LAN		
Configuring Virtual LAN		
DHCP Server (for AP/Client-Router mode only)		
Packet Filters		
RSTP Settings (Master or Slave Mode Only)		
Static Route (For Client-Router Mode Only)		
NAT Settings/Port Forwarding (For Client-Router mode only)		
SNMP Agent		
Link Fault Pass-Through (for Client/Slave mode only)		
Logs and Notifications		
System Logs		
Syslog		
E-mail Notifications		
Relay		
Trap	5	57
Status		
Wireless LAN Status		
Associated Client List (for AP/Master Mode Only)	5	;9
DHCP Client List (for AP Mode Only)	6	0
System Logs		
Relay Status	6	1
DI and Power Status	6	52
AeroLink Protection Status (For Client/Slave Mode Only)	6	52
System Status	6	3
Network Status		
Maintenance		_
Console Settings		
Ping	б	5
Firmware Upgrade		
Configuration Import and Export	б	6
Load Factory Default		
Account Settings	6	57
Change Password		
Misc. Settings		
Troubleshooting	6	59
Save Configuration	7	0'
Restart		

	Logout	72
4.	Software Installation and Configuration	73
	WLAN Administration Tool	
	Installing WLAN Administration Tool	
	Configuring WLAN Administration Tool	
5.	Additional Consoles	81
	RS-232 Console Configuration (115200, None, 8, 1, VT100)	82
	Configuration by Telnet and SSH Consoles	
	Configuration by Web Browser with HTTPS/SSL	84
	Disabling Telnet and Browser Access	
A.	References	86
	AeroLink Protection	
	Beacon	
	DTIM	
	Fragment	
	RTS Threshold	
	STP and RSTP	89
	The STP/RSTP Concept	89
	Differences between RSTP and STP	89
В.	Supporting Information	90
	About This User's Manual	91
	DoC (Declaration of Conformity)	91
	Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement	91
	R&TTE Compliance Statement	92

Introduction

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL industrial a/b/g/n high speed wireless products are ideal wireless solutions for hard-to-wire applications that use mobile equipment connected over a TCP/IP network. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is rated to operate at temperatures ranging from -25 to 60°C for standard models and -40 to 75°C for wide temperature models, and is rugged enough for any harsh industrial environment.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- **□** Overview
- □ Package Checklist
- □ Product Features
- □ Product Specifications
- ☐ Functional Design
 - Device Ports
 - > LED Indicators
 - ➤ Beeper
 - > Reset Button
 - ➤ Relay (Digital Output)

Overview

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is 802.11n compliant to deliver speed, range, and reliability to support even the most bandwidth-intensive applications. The 802.11n standard incorporates multiple technologies, including Spatial Multiplexing MIMO (Multi-In, Multi-Out), 20 and 40 MHz channels, and dual bands (2.4 GHz and 5 GHz) to provide high speed wireless communication, while still being able to communicate with legacy 802.11a/b/g devices.

The device's operating temperature ranges from -25 to 60°C for standard models and -40 to 75°C for wide temperature models, and is rugged enough for all types of harsh industrial environments. Installation of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is easy using DIN-Rail mounting or distribution boxes, and with its wide operating temperature range, IP30-rated housing with LED indicators, and DIN-Rail mounting it is a convenient yet reliable solution for all types of industrial wireless applications.

Package Checklist

Weidmüller's IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is shipped with the following items. If any of these items is missing or damaged, please contact your customer service representative for assistance.

- 1 IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL
- 2.4/5 GHz antennas
- · Quick Installation Guide
- · Cable holder with 1 screw
- Protective caps

Product Features

- IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n compliant
- Advanced wireless security
 - > 64-bit and 128-bit WEP/WPA/WPA2
 - SSID Hiding/IEEE 802.1X/RADIUS
 - > Packet access control & filtering
- STP/RSTP support for network system redundancy
- Long-distance transmission support (5 GHz channel only)
- Turbo Roaming enables rapid handover (Client mode)
- AeroLink Protection supported for redundant wireless communication
- EBR-MODULE RS232 (backup and restore module) for configuration import/export
- RS-232 console management
- 2DI+1DO for on-site monitoring and warnings
- Wide -40 to 75°C operating temperature range (-T model)
- Redundant 12 to 48 VDC power inputs or IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet
- DIN-Rail or wall mounting
- IP30 protected high-strength metal housing

Product Specifications

WLAN Interface

Standards:

- IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n for Wireless LAN
- IEEE 802.11i for Wireless Security
- IEEE 802.3 for 10BaseT
- IEEE 802.3u for 100BaseT(X)
- IEEE 802.3ab for 1000BaseT
- IEEE 802.3af for Power-over-Ethernet
- IEEE 802.1D for Spanning Tree Protocol
- IEEE 802.1w for Rapid STP
- IEEE 802.1Q for VLAN

Spread Spectrum and Modulation (typical):

- DSSS with DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK
- OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
- 802.11b: CCK @ 11/5.5 Mbps, DQPSK @ 2 Mbps, DBPSK @ 1 Mbps
- 802.11a/g: 64QAM @ 54/48 Mbps, 16QAM @ 36/24 Mbps, QPSK @ 18/12 Mbps, BPSK @ 9/6 Mbps
- 802.11n: 64QAM @ 300 Mbps to BPSK @ 6.5 Mbps (multiple rates supported)

Operating Channels (central frequency):

US:

- 2.412 to 2.462 GHz (11 channels)
- 5.180 to 5.240 GHz (4 channels)
- 5.260 to 5.320 GHz (4 channels)*
- 5.500 to 5.700 GHz (8 channels, excluding 5.600 to 5.640 GHz)*
- 5.745 to 5.825 GHz (5 channels)

EU:

- 2.412 to 2.472 GHz (13 channels)
- 5.180 to 5.240 GHz (4 channels)
- 5.260 to 5.320 GHz (4 channels)*
- 5.500 to 5.700 GHz (11 channels)*

JP:

- 2.412 to 2.484 GHz (14 channels)
- 5.180 to 5.240 GHz (4 channels)
- 5.260 to 5.320 GHz (4 channels)*
- 5.500 to 5.700 GHz (11 channels)*

*DFS (Dynamic Frequency Selection) channel support: In AP mode, when a radar signal is detected, the device will automatically switch to another channel. However according to regulations, after switching channels, a 60-second availability check period is required before starting the service.

Security:

- SSID broadcast enable/disable
- Firewall for MAC/IP/Protocol/Port-based filtering
- 64-bit and 128-bit WEP encryption, WPA/WPA2-Personal and Enterprise (IEEE 802.1X/RADIUS, TKIP, and AES)

Transmission Rates:

- 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps
- 802.11a/g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps
- 802.11n: 6.5 to 300 Mbps (multiple rates supported)

Transmitter Power:

802.11b:

Typ. 26±1.5 dBm @ 1 Mbps, Typ. 26±1.5 dBm @ 2 Mbps

Typ. 26±1.5 dBm @ 5.5 Mbps, Typ. 25±1.5 dBm @ 11 Mbps

802.11g:

Typ. 23±1.5 dBm @ 6 to 24 Mbps, Typ. 22±1.5 dBm @ 36 Mbps

Typ. 20±1.5 dBm @ 48 Mbps, Typ. 19±1.5 dBm @ 54 Mbps

802.11n (2.4 GHz):

Typ. 23±1.5 dBm @ MCS0/8 20 MHz,

Typ. 18±1.5 dBm @ MCS7/15 20 MHz

Typ. 23±1.5 dBm @ MCS0/8 40 MHz,

Typ. 17±1.5 dBm @ MCS7/15 40 MHz

802 11a

Typ. 23±1.5 dBm @ 6 to 24 Mbps, Typ. 21±1.5 dBm @ 36 Mbps

Typ. 20±1.5 dBm @ 48 Mbps, Typ. 18±1.5 dBm @ 54 Mbps

802.11n (5 GHz):

Typ. 23±1.5 dBm @ MCS0/8 20 MHz,

Typ. 18±1.5 dBm @ MCS7/15 20 MHz

Typ. 23±1.5 dBm @ MCS0/8 40 MHz,

Typ. 18±1.5 dBm @ MCS7/15 40 MHz

Note: Based on regional regulations, the maximum transmission power allowed on the UNII bands is restricted in the firmware, as indicated below:

	US	EU	JP
2.4 GHz	26 dBm	18 dBm	18 dBm
5 GHz (UNII-1)	23 dBm	21 dBm	21 dBm
5 GHz (UNII-2)	23 dBm	21 dBm	21 dBm
5 GHz (UNII-2e)	23 dBm	23 dBm	23 dBm
5 GHz (UNII-3)	23 dBm	-	-

Receiver Sensitivity:

802.11b:

-93 dBm @ 1 Mbps, -93 dBm @ 2 Mbps

-93 dBm @ 5.5 Mbps, -88 dBm @ 11 Mbps

802.11g:

-88 dBm @ 6 Mbps, -86 dBm @ 9 Mbps

-85 dBm @ 12 Mbps, -85 dBm @ 18 Mbps

-85 dBm @ 24 Mbps, -82 dBm @ 36 Mbps

-78 dBm @ 48 Mbps, -74 dBm @ 54 Mbps

802.11n (2.4 GHz):

-70 dBm @ MCS7 20 MHz, -69 dBm @ MCS15 20 MHz

-67 dBm @ MCS7 40 MHz, -67 dBm @ MCS15 40 MHz

802.11a:

-90 dBm @ 6 Mbps, -88 dBm @ 9 Mbps

-88 dBm @ 12 Mbps, -85 dBm @ 18 Mbps

-81 dBm @ 24 Mbps, -78 dBm @ 36 Mbps

-74 dBm @ 48 Mbps, -72 dBm @ 54 Mbps

802.11n (5 GHz):

-69 dBm @ MCS7 20 MHz, -71 dBm @ MCS15 20 MHz

-63 dBm @ MCS7 40 MHz, -68 dBm @ MCS15 40 MHz

Protocol Support

General Protocols: Proxy ARP, DNS, HTTP, HTTPS, IP, ICMP, SNTP, TCP, UDP, RADIUS, SNMP, DHCP, VLAN, STP/RSTP

Interface

Default Antennas: 2 dual-band omni-directional antennas, 2 dBi, RP-SMA (male)

Connector for External Antennas: RP-SMA (female), 500 V insulation

LAN Ports: 1, RJ45, 10/100/1000BaseT(X) auto negotiation speed, F/H duplex mode, and auto MDI/MDI-X connection

Console Port: RS-232 (RJ45-type)

Reset: Present

LED Indicators: PWR1, PWR2, PoE, FAULT, STATE, SIGNAL*, WLAN, LAN

*signal strength indicator

Alarm Contact (digital output): 1 relay output with current carrying capacity of 1 A @ 24 VDC

Digital Inputs: 2 electrically isolated inputs

+13 to +30 V for state "1"
3 to -30 V for state "0"
Max. input current: 8 mA

Management

Device Management: WLAN Administration Tool, SNMP

Physical Characteristics

Housing: Metal, IP30 protection

Weight: 860 g (1.9 lb)

Dimensions: 52.7 x 135 x 105 mm (2.08 x 5.32 x 4.13 in)

Installation: DIN-rail mounting (standard), wall mounting (optional)

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature:

Standard Models: -25 to 60°C (-13 to 140°F)
 Wide Temp. Models: -40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F)
 Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)

Ambient Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Power Requirements

Input Voltage: 12 to 48 VDC, redundant dual DC power inputs or 48 VDC Power-over-Ethernet Plus (IEEE 802.3af

compliant)

Input Current: 0.6 A @ 12 VDC; 0.15 A @ 48 VDC

Connector: 10-pin removable terminal block, 500 V insulation

Power Consumption: $7.2\ W$

Reverse Polarity Protection: Present Standards and Certifications Safety: UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1

Hazardous Location: UL/cUL Class I Division 2, ATEX Zone 2

EMC: EN 61000-6-2/6-4

EMI: CISPR 22, FCC Part 15B Class B

EMS:

IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV
IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m
IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV
IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV

IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V/mIEC 61000-4-8 PFMF: 1 A/m

Radio: EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, MIC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN008, KC, RCM

Note: Please check Weidmüller's website for the most up-to-date certification status.

MTBF (mean time between failures)

Time: 570,854 hrs

Standard: Telcordia SR332

Warranty

Warranty Period: 5 years



ATTENTION

For EXPLOSION-PROOF application, model IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL are designed and certified to meet ATEX shall be mounted in a suitable enclosure rate to at least IP54 and Pollution Degree 2 as defined in EN60529 and used within its rated electrical and environmental ratings.



ATTENTION

- The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is NOT a portable mobile device and should be located at least 20 cm away from the human body.
- The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is NOT designed for the general public. A well-trained technician should be enlisted to ensure safe deployment of IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL units, and to establish a wireless network.

Functional Design

Device Ports



Serial (RS232) configuration console port (to be used with attached serial/RJ45 cable)

RJ45 Ethernet port (10/100/1000 BaseTX)

LED Indicators

The LEDs on the front panel of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provide a quick and easy means of determining the current operational status and wireless settings.

The **FAULT** LED indicates system failures and user-configured events. If the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL cannot retrieve the IP address from a DHCP server, the **FAULT** LED will blink at half second intervals. The **SIGNAL** LEDs indicate signal strength, and only operate in **Client** mode.



The following table summarizes how to read the device's wireless settings from the LED displays. More information is available in Chapter 3 in the "Basic WLAN Setup" section.

LED	Color	State	Description		
		Front Panel LEI	D Indicators (System)		
DWD1	Cuaan	On	Power is being supplied from power input 1.		
PWR1	Green	Off	Power is not being supplied from power input 1.		
DWDD	C	On	Power is being supplied from power input 2.		
PWR2	Green	Off	Power is not being supplied from power input 2.		
2.5		On	Power is being supplied via PoE.		
PoE	Amber	Off	Power is not being supplied via PoE.		
		0.5	System is booting up, or a system configuration error or		
		On	relay event has occurred.		
		Blinking			
		(fast at intervals of	Cannot get an IP address from the DHCP server		
FAULT	Red	0.5 second)			
		Blinking			
		(slow at intervals	IP address conflict		
		of 1 second)			
		Off	Error condition does not exist.		
		On	System startup is complete and the system is in		
		On	operation.		
	Green	Blinking	AeroLink Protection is enabled and is currently in "Backup"		
		Green (fast at intervals o	state		
STATE		0.5 second)	state		
		Blinking	Device has been located by Wireless Utility		
		(slow at intervals of	(interval: 1 second)		
		1 second)	(interval. 1 second)		
	Red	On	System is booting up		
SIGNAL	Green	On	Wi-Fi Signal Level (for Client/Slave/Client-Router Modes		
(5 LEDs)	Ol Cell	Off	only)		
		On	WLAN function is in Client/Slave/Client-Router mode and		
			has established a link with an AP.		
	Green	Blinking	WLAN data transmission is in Client/Slave/Client-Router		
	0.00		mode.		
WLAN		Off	WLAN is not in Client/Slave/Client-Router mode or has not		
			established a link with an AP.		
		On	WLAN is in AP/Master mode.		
	Amber	Blinking	WLAN data transmission is in AP/Master mode.		
		Off	WLAN is not in use or not working properly		
		On	LAN port's 1000 Mbps link is active .		
	Green	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 1000 Mbps.		
LAN		Off	LAN port's 1000 Mbps link is inactive .		
		On	LAN port's 10/100 Mbps link is active .		
	Amber	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 10/100 Mbps.		
		Off	LAN port's 10/100 Mbps link is inactive .		



ATTENTION

When the system fails to boot, the LEDs for **STATE** (Green), **FAULT**, and **WLAN** will all light up simultaneously and blink at one-second intervals. This may be due to improper operation or uncontrollable issues, such as an unexpected shutdown while updating the firmware. To recover the firmware, refer to the "Firmware Recovery" section in Appendix B.

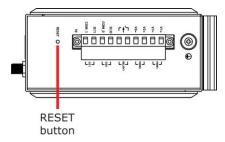
Beeper

The beeper emits two short beeps when the system is ready.

Reset Button

The **RESET** button is located on the top panel of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL. You can reboot the device or reset it to factory default settings by pressing the **RESET** button with a pointed object such as an unfolded paper clip.

- System reboot: Hold the RESET button down for under 5 seconds and then release.
- **Reset to factory default:** Hold the RESET button down for *over* 5 seconds until the **STATE** LED starts blinking green. Release the button to reset the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.



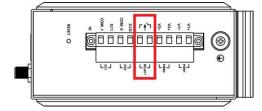
Relay (Digital Output)

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL has one relay output consisting of the 2 terminal block contacts on the top panel, as shown below. These relay contacts are used to forward system failures and user-configured events.

The two wires attached to the relay contacts form an open circuit when a user-configured event is triggered. If a user-configured event does not occur, the relay circuit will remain closed. For safety reasons, the relay circuit is kept open when the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is not powered up.

Summary of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's Relay Status

Power Status	Event	Relay
Off	_	Open
On	Yes Open	
	No	Short



Getting Started

This chapter explains how to install Weidmüller's IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL for the first time, and quickly set up your wireless network and test whether the connection is running well. The Function Map discussed in the third section provides a convenient means of determining which functions you need to use.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ☐ First-time Installation and Configuration
- □ Communication Testing
- ☐ Function Map

First-time Installation and Configuration

Before installing the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL, make sure that all items in the Package Checklist are in the box. You will need access to a notebook computer or PC equipped with an Ethernet port. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL has a default IP address that must be used when connecting to the device for the first time.

Step 1: Select the power source.

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can be powered by a DC power input or PoE (Power over Ethernet). The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL will use whichever power source you choose.

- Step 2: Connect the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to a notebook or PC.
 - Since the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL supports MDI/MDI-X auto-sensing, you can use either a straight-through cable or crossover cable to connect the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to a computer. The LED indicator on the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's LAN port will light up when a connection is established.
- Step 3: Set up the computer's IP address.

Choose an IP address on the same subnet as the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL. Since the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's default IP address is **192.168.1.110**, and the subnet mask is **255.255.255.0**, you should set the IP address of the computer to **192.168.1.xxx**.

NOTE After you select Maintenance → Load Factory Default and click the Submit button, the device will be reset to factory default settings and the IP address will be reset to 192.168.1.110.

Step 4: Use the web-based manager to configure the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL

Open your computer's web browser and type http://192.168.1.110 in the address field to access the homepage of the web-based Network Manager. Before the homepage opens, you will need to enter the user name and password as shown in the following figure. For first-time configuration, enter the default user name and password and then click on the Login button:



NOTE Default user name and password:

User Name: admin
Password: Detmold

For security reasons, we strongly recommend changing the default password. To do so, select **Maintenance Password**, and then follow the on-screen instructions to change the password.

NOTE After you click **Submit** to apply changes the web page will refresh **(Updated)** will appear on the page and a blinking reminder will be shown on the upper-right corner of the web page:



To activate the changes click **Restart** and then **Save and Restart** after you change the settings. About 30 seconds are needed for the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to complete the reboot procedure.

- Step 5: Select the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL operation mode.
 By default, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's operation mode is set to AP. You can change to Client mode in Wireless LAN Setup → WLAN → Basic WLAN Setup. Detailed information about configuring the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's operation can be found in Chapter 3.
- Step 6: Test communications.
 In the following sections we describe two test methods that can be used to ensure that a network connection has been established.

Communication Testing

After installing the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL you can run a sample test to make sure the device and wireless connection are functioning normally. Two testing methods are described below. Use the first method if you are using only one IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL device, and use the second method if you are using two or more units.

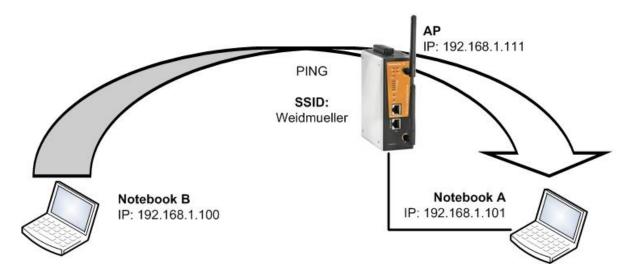
How to Test One IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL

If you are only using one IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL, you will need a second notebook computer equipped with a WLAN card. Configure the WLAN card to connect to the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL (NOTE: the default SSID is **Weidmueller**), and change the IP address of the second notebook (Notebook B) so that it is on the same subnet as the first notebook (Notebook A), which is connected to the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.

After configuring the WLAN card, establish a wireless connection with the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL and open a DOS window on Notebook B. At the prompt, type

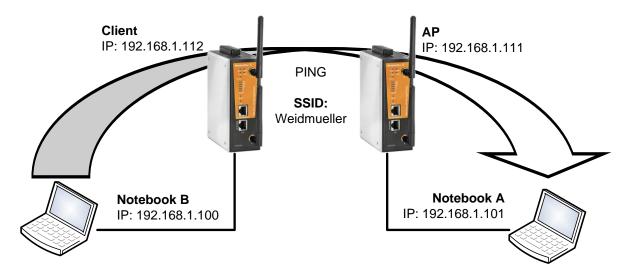
ping <IP address of notebook A>

and then press **Enter** (see the figure below). A "Reply from IP address ..." response means the communication was successful. A "Request timed out." response means the communication failed. In this case, recheck the configuration to make sure the connections are correct.



How to Test Two or More IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL Units

If you have two or more IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL units, you will need a second notebook computer (Notebook B) equipped with an Ethernet port. Use the default settings for the first IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL connected to notebook A and change the second or third IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL connected to notebook B to Client mode, and then configure the notebooks and IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL units properly.

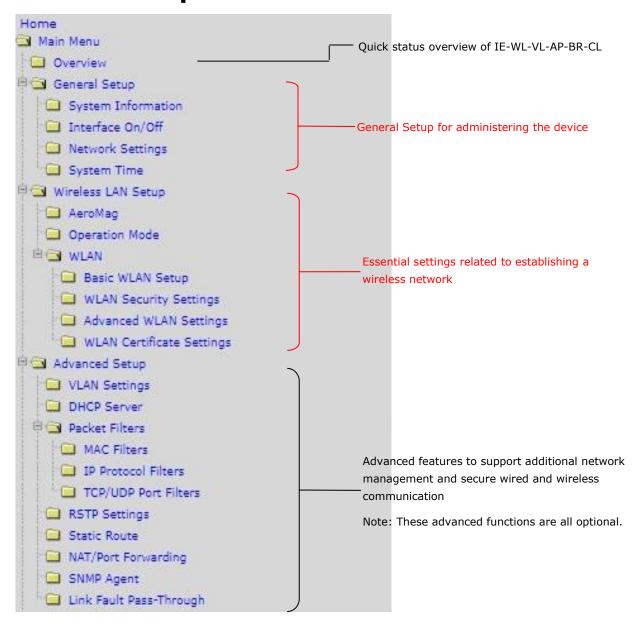


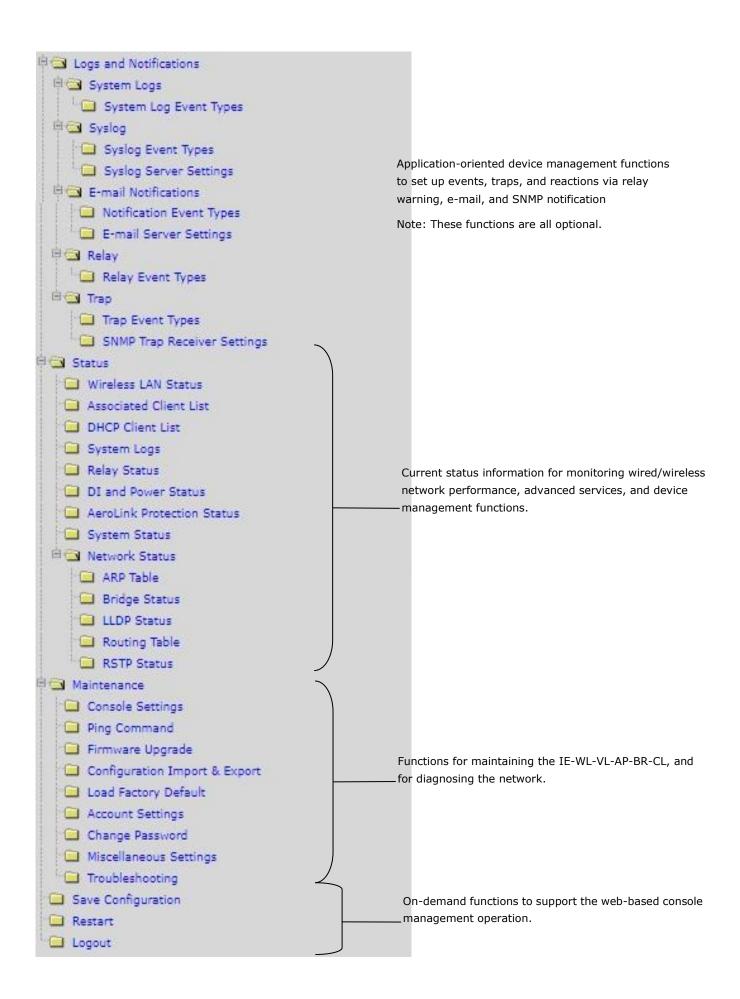
After setting up the testing environment, open a DOS window on notebook B. At the prompt, type:

ping <IP address of notebook A>

and then press **Enter**. A "Reply from IP address ..." response means the communication was successful. A "Request timed out" response means the communication failed. In this case, recheck the configuration to make sure the connections are correct.

Function Map





Web Console Configuration

In this chapter, we explain all aspects of web-based console configuration. Weidmüller's easy-to-use management functions help you set up your device and make it easy to establish and maintain your wireless network.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

System LogsSyslog

RelayTrap

> E-mail Notifications

Web Browser Configuration	Status
Overview	> Wireless LAN Status
Quick Setup	> Associated Client List (for AP/Master Mode
General Setup	Only)
> System Information	> DHCP Client List (for AP Mode Only)
> Network Settings	> System Logs
> System Time	> Relay Status
Wireless LAN Setup	➤ DI and Power Status
> Operation Mode	➤ AeroLink Protection Status (For Client/Slave
> Basic WLAN Setup	Mode Only)
> WLAN Security Settings	> System Status
> Advanced WLAN Settings	> Network Status
> WLAN Certificate Settings (For EAP-TLS in	Maintenance
Client/Slave Mode Only)	Console Settings
Advanced Setup	▶ Ping
> Using Virtual LAN	Firmware Upgrade
> Configuring Virtual LAN	Configuration Import and Export
> DHCP Server (for AP/Client-Router mode only)	➤ Load Factory Default
> Packet Filters	> Account Settings
> RSTP Settings (Master or Slave Mode Only)	Change Password
> Static Route (For Client-Router Mode Only)	➤ Misc. Settings
> NAT Settings/Port Forwarding (For	> Troubleshooting
Client-Router mode only)	Save Configuration
> SNMP Agent	Restart
> Link Fault Pass-Through (for Client/Slave mode	Logout
only)	
Logs and Notifications	

Web Browser Configuration

Weidmüller IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's web browser interface provides a convenient way to modify its configuration and access the built-in monitoring and network administration functions. The recommended web browser is Microsoft® Internet Explorer 7.0 or 8.0 with JVM (Java Virtual Machine) installed.

NOTE

To use the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's management and monitoring functions from a PC host connected to the same LAN as the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL, you must make sure that the PC host and the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL are on the same logical subnet. Similarly, if the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is configured for other VLAN settings, you must make sure your PC host is on the management VLAN.

The Weidmüller IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's default IP is 192.168.1.110.

Follow these steps to access the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's web-based console management interface.

1. Open your web browser (e.g., Internet Explorer) and type the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's IP address in the address field. Press **Enter** to establish the connection.



2. The Web Console Login page will open. Enter the password (default Username = **admin**; default Password = **Detmold**) and then click **Login** to continue.



3. You may need to wait a few moments for the web page to download to your computer. Note that the Model name and IP address of your IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL are both shown in the title bar of the web page. This information can be used to help you identify multiple IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL units.
If an incorrect username or password is entered, a warning message is displayed. The system will lock the user account based on the settings configured in the Maintenance → Account Settings page. The default retry count is 5 times and the default lockout time is 600 seconds.

Once an account is locked, the user will have to wait out the duration of the lockout period before retrying.



	Weidmüller IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL-EU
	This account is locked.
	Username : admin
	Password :
	Login
Invalid username or password	
webserver	

4. Use the **Quick Setup** function on the homepage to quickly set up the device or click on the **Overview** button to see the basic device settings. The **Import/Export** function helps you back up the system or to perform a system recovery from an existing backup.



Click on the **Home** link to go back to the main page.
 Use the menu tree on the left side of the browser to open the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL functions.



In the following paragraphs, we describe each IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL management function in detail. A quick overview is available in this manual in the "Function Map" section of Chapter 3.

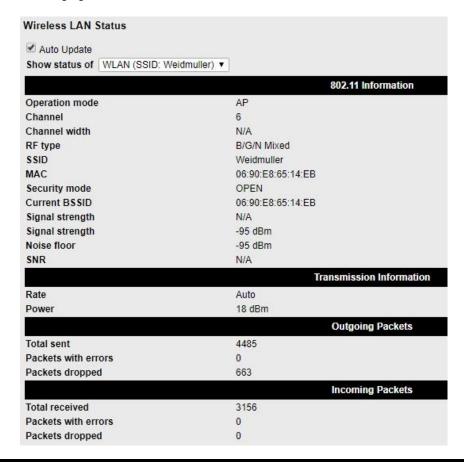
NOTE The model name of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is shown as IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL -XX, where XX indicates the country code. The country code indicates the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL version and which frequencies it uses. We use IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL-EU as an example in the following figures. (The country code and model name that appears on your computer screen may be different than the one shown here.)

Overview

The **Overview** page summarizes the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's current status. The information is categorized into several groups: **System Information, Device Information** and **802.11 Information**.



Click on the SSID link (Weidmueller) to see more detailed information on 802.11 settings, as shown in the following figure:



NOTE The 802.11 Information that is displayed may be different for different operation modes. For example, Current BSSID, Signal strength, and SNR are only available under Client/Client-Router/Slave operation modes.

Quick Setup

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides a quick setup wizard to help you configure the basic settings including device information and wireless settings.

Once you enter the setup, links to each step in the process are displayed at the top of the page. You can either click **Next** to go to the next step or click directly on a link at the top of the page to go to a specific step.

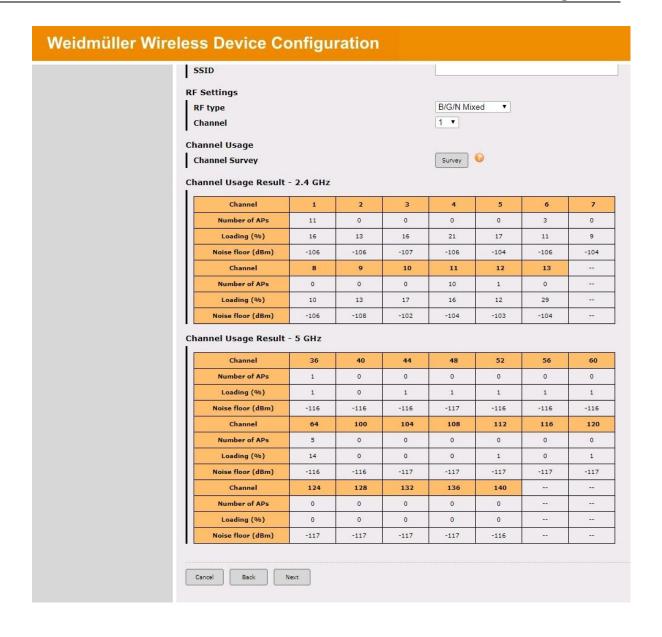


NOTE You can move your cursor on the question mark symbol next to a field to view a tooltip that provides additional details regarding the corresponding field.



If you use the **Manual** option to configure basic Wi-Fi settings, use the channel survey provided in the **Channel Usage** section to find out if a channel is clear or congested. This function can help you deploy a clear channel without requiring the use of a channel analysis tool.





Setting Description	
Number of APs The number of APs which use this channel	
Load	A measure of how congested a channel is, in percentage value. Both 802.11 and
	non-802.11 signals will affect the channel loading.
Noise floor	A summation of the noise level from all sources

You can see a complete preview of the Wi-Fi parameters that you configured when you click on the final step in the setup process (**Review Settings**).



General Setup

The **General Setup** group includes the most commonly used settings required by administrators to maintain and control the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.

System Information

The **System Information** items, especially **Device name** and **Device description**, are displayed and included on the **Overview** page, in SNMP information, and in alarm emails. Setting **System Information** items makes it easier to identify the different IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL units connected to your network.



Device name

Setting Description		Factory Default
Max. 31 of characters This option is useful for specifying the role or application of		IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL
	different IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL units.	_ <serial no.="" of="" td="" this<=""></serial>
		device>

Device location

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Specifies the location of different IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL units.	None

Device description

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Use this space to record a more detailed description of the	None
	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL	

Device contact information

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Provides information about whom to contact in order to resolve	None
	problems. Use this space to record contact information of the	
	person responsible for maintaining this IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.	

Login Message

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Enter a message to display to all users when they log in	Blank

Login authentication failure message

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Enter the login authentication failure message to display to the	None
	user who logs in with an invalid username or password	

Interface On/Off



Network Settings

The Network Settings configuration panel allows you to modify the usual TCP/IP network parameters. However, due to the addition of the Client-Router operation mode, this panel provides two different sets of network parameters. Explanations for both types of configuration are given below.

Network Settings for AP/Client/Master/Slave Operation Modes



IP address assignment

Setting	Description	Factory Default
DHCP	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's IP address will be assigned	Static
	automatically by the network's DHCP server	
Static	Set up the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's IP address manually.	

IP address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's	Identifies the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL on a TCP/IP network.	192.168.1.110
IP address		

Subnet mask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's	Identifies the type of network to which the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL	255.255.255.0
subnet mask	is connected (e.g., 255.255.0.0 for a Class B network, or	
	255.255.255.0 for a Class C network).	

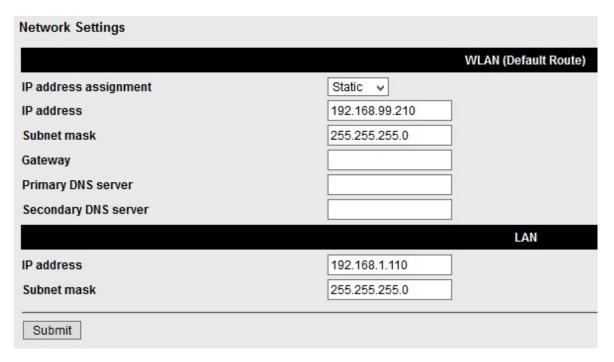
Gateway

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's	The IP address of the router that connects the LAN to an	None
default gateway	outside network.	

Primary/ Secondary DNS server

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address of the	The IP address of the DNS Server used by your network. After	None
Primary/Secondary	entering the DNS Server's IP address, you can input the	
DNS server	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's URL (e.g., http://ap1.weidmueller.com)	
	in your browser's address field instead of entering the IP	
	address. The Secondary DNS server will be used if the Primary	
	DNS server fails to connect.	

Network Settings for Client-Router Operation Mode



WLAN IP address assignment

Setting	Description	Factory Default
DHCP	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL WLAN interface's IP address will be	Static
	assigned automatically by the network's DHCP server	
Static	Set up the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL WLAN interface's IP address	
	manually.	

WLAN IP address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Device WLAN	Identifies the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL WLAN interface's IP address	192.168.2.110
interface's IP address	on a TCP/IP network.	

WLAN subnet mask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL	Identifies the type of network to which the device's WLAN	255.255.255.0
WLAN interface's	interface is connected (e.g., 255.255.0.0 for a Class B network,	
subnet mask	or 255.255.255.0 for a Class C network).	

WLAN gateway

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Device WLAN	The IP address of the router that connects the WLAN to an	None
interface's default	outside network.	
gateway		

Primary/Secondary DNS server

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address of the	The IP address of the DNS Server used by your network. After	None
Primary/Secondary	entering the DNS Server's IP address, you can input the	
DNS server	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's URL (e.g., http://ap1.weidmueller.com)	
	in your browser's address field instead of entering the IP	
	address. The Secondary DNS server will be used if the Primary	
	DNS server fails to connect.	

LAN IP address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Device LAN interface's	Identifies the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL LAN interface's IP address	192.168.1.110
IP address	on a TCP/IP network.	

LAN subnet mask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Device LAN interface's	Identifies the type of network to which the device's LAN	255.255.255.0
subnet mask	interface is connected (e.g., 255.255.0.0 for a Class B network,	
	or 255.255.255.0 for a Class C network).	

System Time

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL has a time calibration function based on information from an NTP server or user specified Date and Time information. Functions such as **Logs and Notifications** can add real-time information to the message.

System Time			
Current local time	Date (YYYY/MM/DD) Time (HH:MM:SS) 2017 / 09 / 05 01 : 55 : 16 Set Time		
Time protocol	SNTP		
Time zone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 🔻		
Daylight saving time	☐ Enable		
Time server 1	time.nist.gov		
Time server 2			
Time sync interval	600 (600 to 9999 seconds)		
Submit			

The *Current local time* shows the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's system time when you open this web page. You can click on the **Set Time** button to activate the updated date and time parameters. An "(Updated)" string will appear to indicate that the change is complete. Local system time will be immediately activated in the system without running Save and Restart.

NOTE

The device has a built-in real time clock (RTC). We strongly recommend that users update the **Current local time** for the device after the initial setup or a long-term shutdown, especially when the network does not have an Internet connection for accessing the NTP server or there is no NTP server on the LAN.

Current local time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
User adjustable time	The date and time parameters allow configuration of the local	None
	time, with immediate activation.	
	Use 24-hour format: yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss	

Time zone

Setting	Description	Factory Default
User selectable time	The time zone setting allows conversion from GMT (Greenwich	GMT (Greenwich
zone	Mean Time) to local time.	Mean Time)



ATTENTION

Changing the time zone will automatically adjust the **Current local time**. You should configure the **Time zone** before setting the **Current local time**.

Daylight saving time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ Disable	Daylight saving time (DST or summer time) involves advancing	Disable
	clocks (usually 1 hour) during the summer time to provide an	
	extra hour of daylight in the afternoon.	

When **Daylight saving time** is enabled, the following parameters will be shown:

- Starts at: The date that daylight saving time begins.
- Stops at: The date that daylight saving time ends.
- Time offset: Indicates how many hours forward the clock should be advanced.

Time server 1/2

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP/Name of Time	IP or Domain name of the NTP time server. The 2nd NTP server	time.nist.gov
Server 1/2	will be used if the 1st NTP server fails to connect.	

Time sync interval

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Time interval for NTP	This parameter determines how often the time is synchronized	600 (seconds)
server synchronization	from the NTP server.	
(600 to 9999 seconds)		

Wireless LAN Setup

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides two different sets of wireless operation modes: AP/client modes for point-to-multipoint communication and master/slave modes for transparent point-to-point communication. The major differences between these two operation modes are the MAC address translation on the client/slave radio.

AP/client: The IP-Bridging mechanism is used to overcome limitations of the 802.11 standards. In this case, the MAC address of the devices connected to the client radio will be replaced with the client's MAC address. Under AP/client modes, communication problems might be encountered when you have a MAC authenticated system or MAC (Layer 2) based communication. In this case, you will need to change the network to use the master/slave operation mode.

Master/slave: A transparent point-to-point protocol that allows the devices' MAC addresses to remain unchanged when the packets get through the slave radio. If you are looking for a worry-free wireless solution to replace your wired system, use Master/Slave.

Client-router: A variation of standard client mode. WLAN behavior is identical with client mode, but a router behavior was added to separate the WLAN and LAN subnets. This allows network planners to allocate private IP addresses behind the client radio. More information on the Static Route, NAT, and Port Forwarding functions can be found in the **Advanced Setup** section.

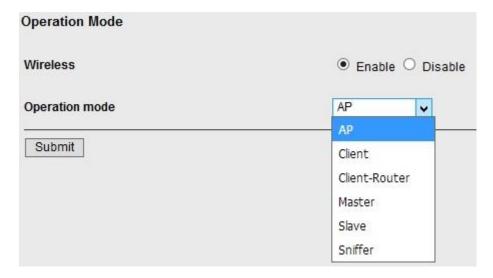
Sniffer: In order to provide an easier way for our customers to analyze wireless traffic, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL supports a "Sniffer" mode to co-work with Wireshark packet sniffer software.

NOTE

Although it is more convenient to use dynamic bridging, there is a limitation—the Client can only transmit IP-based packets between its wireless interface (WLAN) and Ethernet interface (LAN); other types of traffic (such as IPX and AppleTalk) are not forwarded.

Operation Mode

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL supports six operation modes—AP, Client, Client-Router, Master, Slave, and Sniffer—each of which plays a distinct role on the wireless network.



Wireless enable

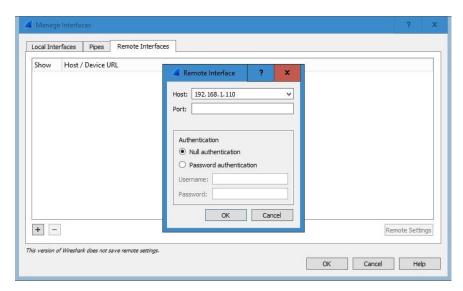
Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	The RF (Radio Frequency) module can be manually turned on or	Enable
	off.	

Operation mode

Setting	Description	Factory Default
AP	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL plays the role of wireless Access Point	AP
Client	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL plays the role of wireless Client	
Client-Router	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL plays the role of wireless Client, but	
	includes the router function to divide the WLAN and LAN	
	interfaces into two subnets.	
Master	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL plays the role of wireless Master.	
Slave	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL plays the role of wireless Slave.	
Sniffer	Turns the device into a remote Wireshark interface to capture	
	802.11 packets for analysis.	

Sniffer mode instructions:

- 1. Set operation mode to Sniffer mode on the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL and then save/reboot the device.
- 2. Connect the device to a laptop with Wireshark installed (v1.12.0 or later release) via Ethernet.
- 3. Add a remote interface by entering the IP address of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.



Detailed Wireshark instructions can be found at:

https://www.wireshark.org/docs/wsug html chunked/ChCapInterfaceRemoteSection.html

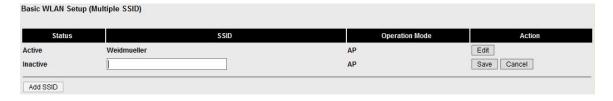
4. Start capturing the 802.11 wireless packets with Wireshark.

Basic WLAN Setup

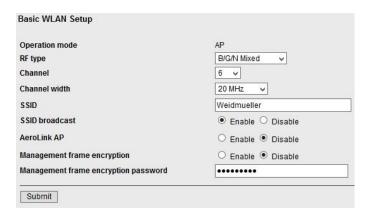
The "Basic WLAN Setup" panel is used to add and edit SSIDs. An SSID is a unique identifier that wireless networking devices use to establish and maintain wireless connectivity. Multiple access points on a network or sub-network can use the same SSIDs. You can configure your IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to use up to 9 SSIDs, and configure each SSID differently. All of the SSIDs are active at the same time; that is, client devices can use any of the SSIDs to associate with the access point.



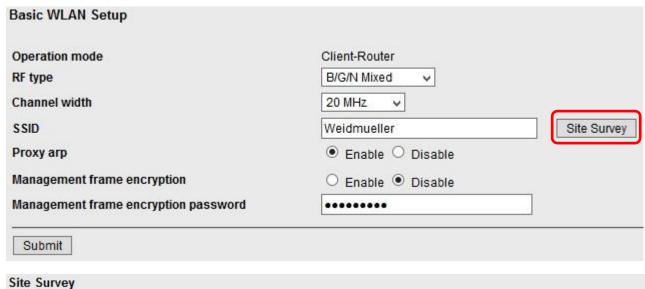
Click on Add SSID to create more SSIDs.



Click on **Edit** to assign different configuration settings to each SSID. The configuration panel appears as follows:



NOTEWhen you switch to Client, Client-Router, or Slave modes, a Site Survey button will be available on the Basic WLAN Setup panel. Click the "Site Survey" button to view information about available APs, as shown in the following figure. You can click on the SSID of an entity and bring the value of its SSID onto the SSID field of the Basic WLAN Setup page. Click the **Refresh** button to re-scan and update the table.



No.	SSID	MAC Address	Channel	Mode	Signal/Noise Floor
1	Weidmuller	06:90:E8:65:8A:88	6	BSS/OPEN	₀0000 (-89dBm/-100dBm)
2	Weidmuller	06:90:E8:65:8A:78	6	BSS/OPEN	•0000 (-91dBm/-100dBm)
3	radioactivity	00:21:29:70:91:B0	1	BSS/WPA2/PSK	### (-92dBm/-98dBm)
5	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL	06:90:E8:65:14:EC	6	BSS/WPA2/PSK	•••0] (-63dBm/-100dBm)
6	IE-WL-BL-AP-CL	06:90:E8:65:8C:9F	6	BSS/WPA2/PSK	••••• (-57dBm/-100dBm)
7	Weidmueller	06:90:E8:65:14:EB	6	BSS/WPA2/PSK	•••• (-48dBm/-100dBm)

RF type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
2.4 GHz		
В	Only supports the IEEE 802.11b standard	B/G/N Mixed
G	Only supports the IEEE 802.11g standard	
B/G Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11b/g standards, but 802.11g may operate	
	at a slower speed if when 802.11b clients are on the network	
G/N Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11g/n standards, but 802.11n may operate	
	at a slower speed if 802.11g clients are on the network	
B/G/N Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11b/g/n standards, but 802.11g/n may	
	operate at a slower speed if 802.11b clients are on the network	
N Only (2.4 GHz)	Only supports the 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11n standard	
5 GHz		
Α	Only supports the IEEE 802.11a standard	
A/N Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11a/n standards, but 802.11n may operate	

Setting	Description	Factory Default
	at a slower speed if 802.11a clients are on the network	
N Only (5 GHz)	Only supports the 5 GHz IEEE 802.11n standard	

Channel (for AP mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Available channels vary	This option is only adjustable when the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL	6 (in B/G/N Mixed
with RF type	plays the role of wireless AP. If the device acts as a wireless	mode)
	client, it follows the channel of the associated access point	

Channel width (for any 11N RF type only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
20 MHz	Select your channel width, If you are not sure which option to	20 MHz
20/40 MHz	use, select 20/ 40 MHz (Auto)	

Channel bonding

Channel bonding shows the channel used by the AP if Channel width is set to 20/40 MHz

SSID

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	The SSID of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for	Weidmueller
	the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other.	

SSID broadcast (for AP mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ Disable	SSID can be broadcast or not	Enable

Aerolink AP

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	Enable the AeroLink APs to monitor Ethernet communication on	Disable
	the AP side in order to trigger AeroLink Protection on the client	
	side under milliseconds recovery time.	
	NOTE: AeroLink Protection should be also enabled on the client	
	side at the same time.	

Management Frame Encryption

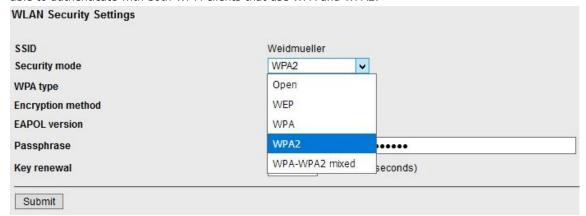
Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	For security purpose, the management frame encryption allows	Disable
	the units to set the same password to connect to each other.	
(For security concern,	The management frame encrypted with this password is able to	
the code should not be	change by users	
cleared publicly.)		

WLAN Security Settings

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides four standardized wireless security modes: **Open**, **WEP** (Wired Equivalent Privacy), **WPA** (Wi-Fi Protected Access), and **WPA2**. Several security modes are available in the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL by selecting **Security mode** and **WPA type**:

- Open: No authentication, no data encryption.
- WEP: Static WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) keys must be configured manually.
- WPA/WPA2-Personal: Also known as WPA/WPA2-PSK. You will need to specify the Pre-Shared Key in the
 Passphrase field, which will be used by the TKIP or AES engine as a master key to generate keys that
 actually encrypt outgoing packets and decrypt incoming packets.
- **WPA/WPA2-Enterprise:** Also called WPA/WPA2-EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol). In addition to device-based authentication, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise enables user-based authentication via IEEE 802.1X. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can support three EAP methods: EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, and EAP-PEAP.

• **WPA-WPA2 mixed:** IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL supports WPA/WPA2 at the same time. IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is able to authenticate with both Wi-Fi clients that use WPA and WPA2.



Security mode

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Open	No authentication	Open
WEP	Static WEP is used	
WPA	WPA is used	
WPA2	Supports IEEE 802.11i with "TKIP/AES + 802.1X"	
WPA-WPA2 mix	Both WPA and WPA2 clients are able to connect to	
	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL at the same time	

Open

For security reasons, you should **NOT** set security mode to Open System, since authentication and data encryption are **NOT** performed in Open System mode.

WEP (only for legacy mode)

NOTE Weidmüller includes **WEP** security mode only for legacy purposes. **WEP** is highly insecure and is considered fully deprecated by the Wi-Fi alliance. We do not recommend the use of WEP security under any circumstances.

According to the IEEE	WLAN Security Settings	
$802.11\ standard,\ WEP\ can$		
be used for authentication	SSID	Weidmueller
and data encryption to	Security mode	WEP 🗸
maintain confidentiality.	Authentication type	Open v
Shared (or Shared Key)	Key type	HEX V
authentication type is	Key length	64 Bits 🔻
used if WEP authentication		
and data encryption are	Key index	1 🗸
both needed. Normally,	WEP key 1	
Open (or Open System)	WEP key 2	
authentication type is	WEP key 3	
used when WEP data	WEP key 4	
encryption is run with	THE ROLL	<u> </u>
authentication.	Submit	

When WEP is enabled as a security mode, the length of a key (so-called WEP seed) can be specified as 64/128 bits, which is actually a 40/104-bit secret key with a 24-bit initialization vector. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides 4 entities of WEP key settings that can be selected to use with **Key index**. The selected key setting specifies the key to be used as a *send-key* for encrypting traffic from the AP side to the wireless client side. All 4 WEP keys are used as *receive-keys* to decrypt traffic from the wireless client side to the AP side.

The WEP key can be presented in two *Key types*, HEX and ASCII. Each ASCII character has 8 bits, so a 40-bit (or 64-bit) WEP key contains 5 characters, and a 104-bit (or 128-bit) key has 13 characters. In hex, each character uses 4 bits, so a 40-bit key has 10 hex characters, and a 128-bit key has 26 characters.

Authentication type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Open	Data encryption is enabled, but without authentication	Open
Shared	Data encryption and authentication are both enabled.	

Key type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
HEX	Specifies WEP keys in hex-decimal number form	HEX
ASCII	Specifies WEP keys in ASCII form	

Key length

Setting	Description	Factory Default
64 bits	Uses 40-bit secret keys with 24-bit initialization vector	64 bits
128 bits	Uses 104-bit secret key with 24-bit initialization vector	

Key index

Setting	Description	Factory Default
1-4	Specifies which WEP key is used	Open

WEP key 1-4

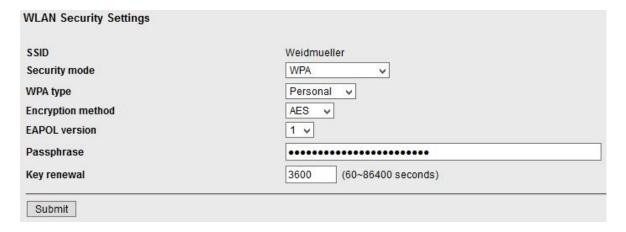
Setting	Description	Factory Default
ASCII type:	A string that can be used as a WEP seed for the RC4 encryption	None
64 bits: 5 chars	engine.	
128 bits: 13chars		
HEX type:		
64 bits: 10 hex chars		
128 bits: 26 hex chars		

WPA/WPA2-Personal

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) and WPA2 represent significant improvements over the WEP encryption method. WPA is a security standard based on 802.11i draft 3, while WPA2 is based on the fully ratified version of 802.11i. The initial vector is transmitted, encrypted, and enhanced with its 48 bits, twice as long as WEP. The key is regularly changed so that true session is secured.

Even though AES encryption is only included in the WPA2 standard, it is widely available in the WPA security mode of some wireless APs and clients as well. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL also supports AES algorithms in WPA and WPA2 for better compatibility.

Personal versions of WPA/WPA2, also known as WPA/WPA-PSK (*Pre-Shared Key*), provide a simple way of encrypting a wireless connection for high confidentiality. A *Passphrase* is used as a basis for encryption methods (or cipher types) in a WLAN connection. The passphrases should be complicated and as long as possible. There must be at least 8 ASCII characters in the Passphrase, and it could go up to 63. For security reasons, this passphrase should only be disclosed to users who need it, and it should be changed regularly.



WPA type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Personal	Provides Pre-Shared Key-enabled WPA and WPA2	Personal
Enterprise	Provides enterprise-level security for WPA and WPA2	

Encryption method

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TKIP**	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol is enabled	AES
AES	Advance Encryption System is enabled	
Mixed*	Provides TKIP broadcast key and TKIP+AES unicast key for	
	some legacy AP clients. This option is rarely used.	

^{**} This option is only available with 802.11a/b/g standard

Passphrase

Setting	Description	Factory Default
8 to 63 characters	Master key to generate keys for encryption and decryption	None

Key renewal (for AP/Master mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
60 to 86400 seconds	Specifies the time period of group key renewal	3600 (seconds)
(1 minute to 1 day)		

NOTE

The **key renewal** value dictates how often the wireless AP encryption keys should be changed. The security level is generally higher if you set the key renewal value to a shorter number, which forces the encryption keys to be changed more frequently. The default value is 3600 seconds (60 minutes). Longer time periods can be considered if the line is not very busy.

WPA/WPA2-Enterprise (for AP/Master mode)

By setting **WPA type** to **Enterprise**, you can use **EAP** (*Extensible Authentication Protocol*), a framework authentication protocol used by 802.1X to provide network authentication. In these Enterprise-level security modes, a back-end RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) server is needed if IEEE 802.1X functionality is enabled in WPA /WPA2. The IEEE 802.1X protocol also offers the possibility of carrying out an efficient connection authentication on a large-scale network. It is not necessary to exchange keys or passphrases.

^{*} This option is available for legacy mode in AP/Master only, and does not support AES-enabled clients.

cein	Maidenalles
SSID	Weidmueller
Security mode	WPA 🗸
WPA type	Enterprise ✓
Encryption method	AES ✓
EAPOL version	1 🗸
Primary RADIUS server IP	
Primary RADIUS server port	1812
Primary RADIUS shared key	
Secondary RADIUS server IP	
Secondary RADIUS server port	1812
Secondary RADIUS shared key	
Key renewal	3600 (60~86400 seconds)

WPA type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Personal	Provides Pre-Shared Key-enabled WPA and WPA2	Personal
Enterprise	Provides enterprise-level security for WPA and WPA2	

Encryption method

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TKIP**	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol is enabled	AES
AES	Advance Encryption System is enabled	
Mixed*	Provides TKIP broadcast key and TKIP+AES unicast key for	
	some legacy AP clients. This option is rarely used.	

^{**} This option is only available with 802.11a/b/g standard

Primary/Secondary RADIUS server IP

Setting	Description	Factory Default
The IP address of	Specifies the delegated RADIUS server for EAP	None
RADIUS server		

Primary/Secondary RADIUS port

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Port number	Specifies the port number of the delegated RADIUS server	1812

Primary/ Secondary RADIUS shared key

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	The secret key shared between AP and RADIUS server	None

Key renewal

Setting	Description	Factory Default
60 to 86400 seconds	Specifies the time period of group key renewal	3600 (seconds)
(1 minute to 1 year)		

^{*} This option is available for legacy mode in AP/Master only, and does not support AES-enabled clients.

WPA/WPA2-Enterprise (for Client/Client-Router/Slave mode)

When used as a client, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can support three EAP methods (or *EAP protocols*): **EAP-TLS**, **EAP-TTLS**, and **EAP-PEAP**, corresponding to WPA/WPA-Enterprise settings on the AP side.



Encryption method

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TKIP**	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol is enabled	TKIP
AES	Advance Encryption System is enabled	

^{**}This option is only available with 802.11a/b/g standard.

EAP protocol

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TLS	Specifies Transport Layer Security protocol	TLS
TTLS	Specifies Tunneled Transport Layer Security	
PEAP	Specifies Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol, or	
	Protected EAP	

Before choosing the EAP protocol for your WPA/WPA2-Enterpise settings on the client end, please contact the network administrator to make sure the system supports the protocol on the AP end. Detailed information on these three popular EAP protocols is presented in the following sections.

EAP-TLS

TLS is the standards-based successor to Secure Socket Layer (SSL). It can establish a trusted communication channel over a distrusted network. TLS provides mutual authentication through certificate exchange. EAP-TLS is also secure to use. You are required to submit a digital certificate to the authentication server for validation, but the authentication server must also supply a certificate.

You can use **Basic WLAN Setup** \rightarrow **WLAN Certificate Settings** to import your WLAN certificate and enable EAP-TLS on the client end.



You can check the current certificate status in *Current Status* if it is available.

- Certificate issued to: Shows the certificate user
- Certificate issued by: Shows the certificate issuer
- Certificate expiration date: Indicates when the certificate has expired

EAP-TTLS

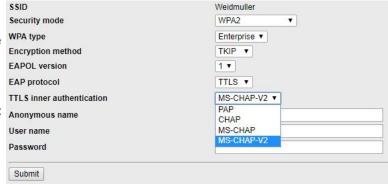
It is usually much easier to re-use existing authentication systems, such as a Windows domain or Active Directory, LDAP directory, or Kerberos realm, rather than creating a parallel authentication system. As a result, TTLS (Tunneled TLS) and PEAP (Protected EAP) are used to support the use of so-called "legacy authentication methods."

TTLS and PEAP work in a similar way. First, they establish a TLS tunnel (EAP-TLS for example), and validate whether the network is trustworthy with digital certificates on the authentication server. This step establishes a tunnel that protects the next step (or "inner" authentication), and consequently is sometimes referred to as "outer" authentication. The TLS tunnel is then used to encrypt an older authentication protocol that authenticates the user for the network.

As you can see, digital certificates are still needed for outer authentication in a simplified form. Only a small number of certificates are required, which can be generated by a small certificate authority. Certificate reduction makes TTLS and PEAP much more popular than EAP-TLS.

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides some non-cryptographic EAP methods, including **PAP**, **CHAP**, **MS-CHAP**, and **MS-CHAP-V2**. These EAP methods are not recommended for direct use on wireless networks. However, they may be useful as inner authentication methods with TTLS and PEAP.

Because the inner and outer
authentications can use distinct user
names in TTLS and PEAP, you can use
an anonymous user name for the
outer authentication, with the true
user name only shown through the
encrypted channel. Keep in mind that
not all client software supports
anonymous alteration. Confirm this
with the network administrator
before you enable identity hiding in
TTLS and PEAP.



TTL inner authentication

Setting	Description	Factory Default
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol is used	MS-CHAP-V2
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol is used	
MS-CHAP	Microsoft CHAP is used	
MS-CHAP-V2	Microsoft CHAP version 2 is used	

Anonymous

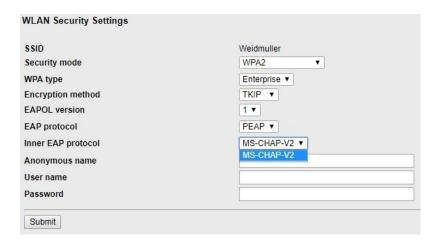
Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	A distinct name used for outer authentication	None

User name & Password

Setting	Description	Factory Default
	User name and password used in inner authentication	None

PEAP

There are a few differences in the TTLS and PEAP inner authentication procedures. TTLS uses the encrypted channel to exchange attribute-value pairs (AVPs), while PEAP uses the encrypted channel to start a second EAP exchange inside of the tunnel. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides MS-CHAP-V2 merely as an EAP method for inner authentication.



Inner EAP protocol

Setting	Description	Factory Default
MS-CHAP-V2	Microsoft CHAP version 2 is used	MS-CHAP-V2

Anonymous

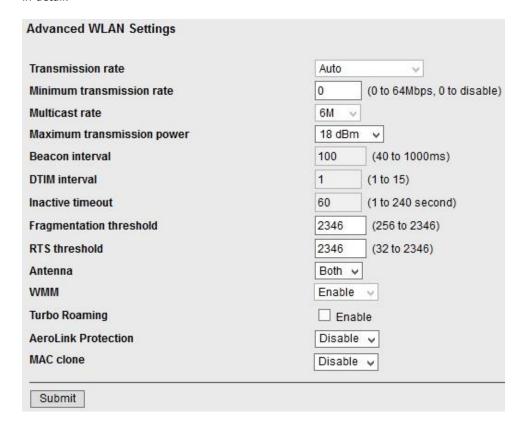
Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	A distinct name used for outer authentication	None

User name & Password

Setting	Description	Factory Default
	User name and password used in inner authentication	None

Advanced WLAN Settings

Additional wireless-related parameters are presented in this section to help you set up your wireless network in detail.



Transmission rate

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Auto	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL senses and adjusts the data rate	Auto
	automatically	
Available rates	Users can manually select a target transmission data rate but	
	does not support when RF type are G/N mixed, B/G/N mixed	
	and A/N mixed.	

Minimum transmission rate

Setting	Description	Factory Default
0 to 64 Mbps	By setting a minimum transmission rate, the	0 (Disable)
(0 to disable)	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL will avoid communicate with weak signal	
	wireless links to maintain overall wireless performance and	
	optimize the wireless frequency usage.	

Multicast rate

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Available rates	You can set a fixed multicast rate for the transmission of	6M
	broadcast and multicast packets on a per-radio basis. This	
	parameter can be useful in an environment where multicast	
	video streaming is occurring in the wireless medium, providing	
	the wireless clients are capable of handling the configured rate	

Maximum Transmission power

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Available power	Users can manually select a target power to mask max output	20 dBm
	power. Because different transmission rates would have their	
	own max output power, please reference product datasheet.	
	For 802.11bg, the available setting is from 0 to 20	

Beacon interval (for AP/Master mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Beacon Interval	Indicates the frequency interval of the beacon	100 (ms)
(40 to 1000 ms)		

Inactive timeout (for AP mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
1 to 240 seconds	Specifies how long before access point starts sending out client	60 seconds
	alive packets	

DTIM interval (for AP/Master mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Data Beacon Rate	Indicates how often the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL sends out a	1
(1 to 15)	Delivery Traffic Indication Message	

Fragmentation threshold

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Fragment Length	Specifies the maximum size a data packet before splitting and	2346
(256 to 2346)	creating another new packet	

RTS threshold

Setting	Description	Factory Default
RTS/CTS Threshold	Determines how large a packet can be before the Access Point	2346
(256 to 2346)	coordinates transmission and reception to ensure efficient	
	communication	

settings. By setting thes

Transmission distance

You can refer to the related glossaries in Appendix A for detailed information about the above-mentioned settings. By setting these parameters properly, you can better tune the performance of your wireless network.

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Distance or max. range	Specifies the transmission distance or max. range between two	500
for transmission	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL devices. This parameter should be set	
(500 to 11,000 m)	properly, especially for long-distance communication.	

NOTE

NOTE

Make sure the same **Transmission distance** parameters are set in both **AP** and **Client**. When this parameter is greater than 500, an optimal algorithm will be enabled (only in the 5 GHz channel) to support long-distance transmission.

Antenna

Setting	Description	Factory Default
A/B/Auto	Specifies the output antenna port. Setting "Antenna" to Auto	Auto
	allows 2x2 MIMO communication under 802.11n and 2T2R*	
	communication in legacy 802.11a/b/g modes.	

^{*}Note: Different from 802.11n's multiple spatial data stream (2x2 MIMO), which doubles the throughput, 2T2R is transmits/receives the same piece of data on both antenna ports.

WMM

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	WMM is a QoS standard for WLAN traffic. Voice and video data	Enable
	will be given priority bandwidth when enabled with WMM	
	supported wireless clients.	
	Note: WMM will always be enabled under 802.11n mode.	

Turbo Roaming (for Client mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ Disable	Weidmüller's Turbo Roaming can enable rapid handover when	Disable
	the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL, as a client, roams among a group of	
	APs.	

When Turbo Roaming is enabled, the following parameters will be shown:

• **Roaming threshold:** Determines when to start looking for new AP candidates. If the current connection quality (SNR or Signal Strength) is lower than the specified threshold, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL will start background scanning and look for next-hop candidates.

The following table lists the default threshold values for different RF types:

RF Type	RSSI	Signal Strength
Legacy 2.4G	30	-65
Legacy 5G	30	-65
N-mode 2.4G	40	-55
N-mode 5G	40	-50

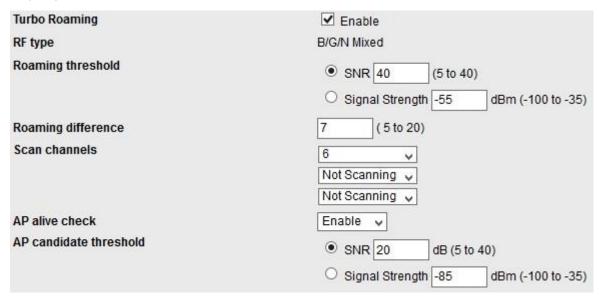
NOTE While the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is scanning the background, its wireless performance will be reduced by 1/3 of its normal performance.

• Roaming difference: Determines if roaming should be executed. After background scan has been triggered, the roaming will only occur if the AP candidate(s) provide a better (Roaming difference) connection quality than the current connection. If multiple access points fulfill the criteria, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL will pick the best one to roam to.

- Scan channels: Pre-define communication and roaming channels.
- AP alive check: Allows Turbo Roaming to react faster to WLAN disconnections.

NOTE Enabling this feature causes the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to send out alive check packets every 10 ms when there is no traffic; the high transmission frequency of small alive check packets could potentially affect your other wireless communications that use the same channel, so only enable this feature when you have full control of the designated radio channel.

• **AP candidate threshold:** After the "AP alive check" declares the current access point is no longer available, the surrounding access points must have good enough connection qualities (SNR/Signal Strength) in order to qualify as AP candidates for client association.



AeroLink Protection (for Client/Slave mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	Enable AeroLink Protection to allow wireless clients on the	Disable
	same LAN network to automatically negotiate with each other	
	and form a redundant wireless communication, for more	
	details, see Status → AeroLink Protection Status	

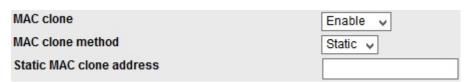
When **AeroLink Protection** is enabled, the following parameter will be shown:

• AP alive check: Enable to allow AeroLink Protection to react faster to WLAN disconnections.



NOTE Enabling this feature causes the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to send out alive check packets every 10 ms when there is no traffic; the high transmission frequency of small alive check packets could potentially affect your other wireless communications that use the same channel, so only enable this feature when you have full control of the designated radio channel.

MAC clone (for Client mode only)



Setting	Description	Factory Default
MAC clone	Enabling this feature allows the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL client to	Disable
	copy the MAC address of the equipment connected to the LAN.	
	This overcomes the limitation of the IP-Bridged behavior in a	
	MAC-sensitive network (MAC-based communication or	
	MAC-authenticated network).	
MAC clone method	Auto: The client copies the MAC address of the device	Auto
	connected to the LAN if only one device is connected.	
	Static: The client shares the assigned MAC address with	
	multiple devices connected to the LAN. This allows for	
	multiple devices to connect to the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL via	
	the LAN and only one of them needs to be assigned a MAC	
	address.	
MAC clone static	Specifies the static MAC address that the connected	-
address	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL devices should copy.	

WLAN Certificate Settings (For EAP-TLS in Client/Slave Mode Only)

When EAP-TLS is used, a WLAN Certificate will be required at the client end to support WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can support the **PKCS #12**, also known as *Personal Information Exchange Syntax Standard*, certificate formats that define file formats commonly used to store private keys with accompanying public key certificates, protected with a password-based symmetric key.

WLAN Certificate Settings	
Certificate private password	
Select certificate/key file	Durchsuchen Keine Datei ausgewählt.
Submit	
	Status
Certificate issued to	
Certificate issued by	
Certificate expiration date	

Current status displays information for the current WLAN certificate, which has been imported into the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL. Nothing will be shown if a certificate is not available.

Certificate issued to: Shows the certificate user

Certificate issued by: Shows the certificate issuer

Certificate expiration date: Indicates when the certificate has expired

You can import a new WLAN certificate in Import WLAN Certificate by following these steps, in order:

- Input the corresponding password (or key) in the Certificate private password field and then click Submit to set the password.
- 2. The password will be displayed in the Certificate private password field. Click on the **Browse** button in **Select certificate/key file** and select the certificate file.
- Click Upload Certificate File to import the certificate file. If the import succeeds, you can see the
 information uploaded in *Current Certificate*. If it fails, you may need to return to step 1 to set the
 password correctly and then import the certificate file again.

NOTE

The WLAN certificate will remain after the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL reboots. Even though it is expired, it can still be seen on the *Current Certificate*.

Advanced Setup

Several advanced functions are available to increase the functionality of your IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL and wireless network system. A VLAN is a collection of clients and hosts grouped together as if they were connected to the broadcast domains in a Layer-2 network. The DHCP server helps you deploy wireless clients efficiently. Packet filters provide security mechanisms, such as firewalls, in different network layers. Moreover, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can support STP/RSTP protocol to increase reliability across the entire network, and SNMP support can make network management easier.

Using Virtual LAN

Setting up Virtual LANs (VLANs) on your IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL increases the efficiency of your network by dividing the LAN into logical segments, as opposed to physical segments. In general, VLANs are easier to manage.

The Virtual LAN (VLAN) Concept

What is a VLAN?

A virtual LAN, commonly known as a VLAN, is a group of hosts with a common set of requirements that communicate as if they were attached to the same broadcast domain, regardless of their physical location. A VLAN has the same attributes as a physical LAN, but it allows for end stations to be grouped together even if they are not located on the same network switch. Network reconfiguration can be done through software instead of physically relocating devices.

VLANs now extend as far as the reach of the access point signal. Clients can be segmented into wireless sub-networks via SSID and VLAN assignment. A Client can access the network by connecting to an AP configured to support its assigned SSID/VLAN.

Benefits of VLANs

VLANs are used to conveniently, efficiently, and easily manage your network in the following ways:

- Manage adds, moves, and changes from a single point of contact
- Define and monitor groups
- Reduce broadcast and multicast traffic to unnecessary destinations
- Improve network performance and reduce latency
- Increase security
- · Secure network restricts members to resources on their own VLAN
- · Clients roam without compromising security

VLAN Workgroups and Traffic Management

The AP assigns clients to a VLAN based on a Network Name (SSID). The AP can support up to 9 SSIDs per radio interface, with a unique VLAN configurable per SSID.

The AP matches packets transmitted or received to a network name with the associated VLAN. Traffic received by a VLAN is only sent on the wireless interface associated with that same VLAN. This eliminates unnecessary traffic on the wireless LAN, conserving bandwidth and maximizing throughput.

In addition to enhancing wireless traffic management, the VLAN-capable AP supports easy assignment of wireless users to workgroups. In a typical scenario, each user VLAN represents a department workgroup; for example, one VLAN could be used for a marketing department and the other for a human resource department.

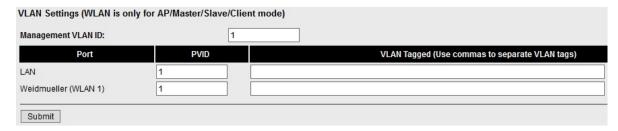
In this scenario, the AP would assign every packet it accepted to a VLAN. Each packet would then be identified as marketing or human resource, depending on which wireless client received it. The AP would insert VLAN headers or "tags" with identifiers into the packets transmitted on the wired backbone to a network switch.

Finally, the switch would be configured to route packets from the marketing department to the appropriate corporate resources such as printers and servers. Packets from the human resource department could be restricted to a gateway that allowed access to only the Internet. A member of the human resource department could send and receive e-mail and access the Internet, but would be prevented from accessing servers or hosts on the local corporate network.

Configuring Virtual LAN

VLAN Settings

To configure the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's VLAN, use the VLAN Setting page to configure the ports.



Management VLAN ID

Setting	Description	Factory Default
VLAN ID	Set the management VLAN of this IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.	1
ranges from		
1 to 4094		

Port

Туре	Description	Trunk Port
LAN	This port is the LAN port on the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.	Yes
WLAN	This is a wireless port for the specific SSID. This field will refer	
	to the SSID that you have created. If more SSIDs have been	
	created, new rows will be added.	

Port PVID

Setting	Description	Factory Default
VLAN ID ranging from 1	Set the port's VLAN ID for devices that connect to the port. The	1
to 4094	port can be a LAN port or WLAN ports.	

VLAN Tagged

Setting	Description	Factory Default
A comma-separated list	Specify which VLANs can communicate with this specific VLAN.	(Empty)
of VLAN IDs. Each of		
the VLAN IDs range		
from 1 to 4094.		

NOTE The VLAN feature can allow wireless clients to manage the AP. If the VLAN Management ID matches a VLAN

ID, then those wireless clients who are members of that VLAN will have AP management access.

CAUTION: Once a VLAN Management ID is configured and is equivalent to one of the VLAN IDs on the AP, all members of that User VLAN will have management access to the AP. Be careful to restrict VLAN membership to those with legitimate access to the AP.

DHCP Server (for AP/Client-Router mode only)

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a networking protocol that allows administrators to assign temporary IP addresses to network computers by "leasing" an IP address to a user for a limited amount of time, instead of assigning permanent IP addresses.

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can act as a simplified DHCP server and easily assign IP addresses to your DHCP clients by responding to the DHCP requests from the client ends. The IP-related parameters you set on this page will also be sent to the client.

You can also assign a static IP address to a specific client by entering its MAC address. IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides a **Static DHCP mapping** list with up to 16 entities. Be reminded to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.

You can check the IP assignment status under **Status** → **DHCP Client List**.

DHCP Serve	r (For AP/Client-R	outer mode only)	
DHCP server		Disable 🗸	
Default gatew	ay		
Subnet mask			
Primary DNS	server		
Secondary DI	NS server		
Starting IP ad	dress		
Maximum nur	mber of users		
Client lease ti	me	14400 (2 to 14400 minutes)	
Static DHCP	Mapping	_	
No.	Active	IP Address	MAC Address
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

DHCP server

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL as a DHCP server	Disable
Disable	Disable DHCP server function	

Default gateway

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address of a default	The IP address of the router that connects to an outside	None
gateway	network	

Subnet mask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Subnet mask	Identifies the type of sub-network (e.g., 255.255.0.0 for a	None
	Class B network, or 255.255.255.0 for a Class C network)	

Primary/ Secondary DNS server

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address of Primary/	The IP address of the DNS Server used by your network. After	None
Secondary DNS server	entering the DNS Server's IP address, you can use URL as well.	
	The Secondary DNS server will be used if the Primary DNS	
	server fails to connect.	

Start IP address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address	Indicates the IP address which IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can start	None
	assigning	

Maximum number of users

Setting	Description	Factory Default
1 to 999	Specifies how many IP address can be assigned continuously	None

Client lease time

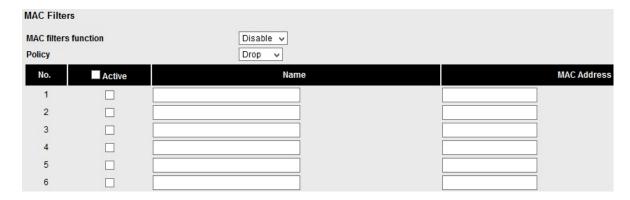
Setting	Description	Factory Default
2 to 14400 minutes	The lease time for which an IP address is assigned. The IP	14400 minutes
	address may go expired after the lease time is reached.	(10 days)

Packet Filters

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL includes various filters for **IP-based** packets going through LAN and WLAN interfaces. You can set these filters as a firewall to help enhance network security.

MAC Filters

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's MAC filter is a policy-based filter that can allow or filter out IP-based packets with specified MAC addresses. The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides 32 entities for setting MAC addresses in your filtering policy. Remember to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.



MAC filters

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables MAC filters	Disable
Disable	Disables MAC filters	

Policy

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Accept	Only the packets fitting the entities on list can be allowed.	Drop
Drop	Any packet fitting the entities on list will be denied.	



ATTENTION

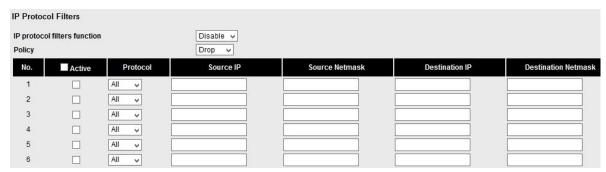
Be careful when you enable the filter function:

Drop + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are allowed
Accept + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are denied

IP Protocol Filters

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's IP protocol filter is a policy-based filter that can allow or filter out IP-based packets with specified IP protocol and source/destination IP addresses.

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides 32 entities for setting IP protocol and source/destination IP addresses in your filtering policy. Four IP protocols are available: **All, ICMP, TCP**, and **UDP**. You must specify either the Source IP or the Destination IP. By combining IP addresses and netmasks, you can specify a single IP address or a range of IP addresses to accept or drop. For example, "IP address 192.168.1.1 and netmask 255.255.255.255." refers to the sole IP address 192.168.1.1. "IP address 192.168.1.1 and netmask 255.255.255.0" refers to the range of IP addresses from 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255. Remember to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.



IP protocol filters

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables IP protocol filters	Disable
Disable	Disables IP protocol filters	

Policy

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Accept	Only the packets fitting the entities on the list can be allowed	Drop
Drop	Any packet fitting the entities on the list will be denied	



ATTENTION

Be careful when you enable the filter function:

Drop + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **allowed.**

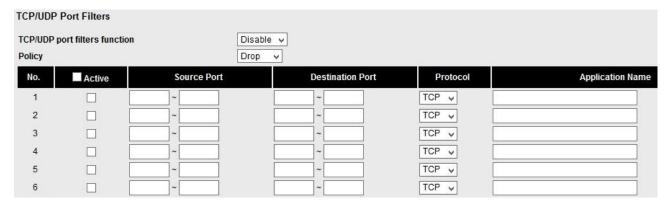
Accept + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are denied.

TCP/UDP Port Filters

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's TCP/UDP port filter is a policy-based filter that can allow or filter out TCP/UDP-based packets with a specified source or destination port.

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL provides 32 entities for setting the range of source/destination ports of a specific protocol. In addition to selecting TCP or UDP protocol, you can set either the source port, destination port, or both. The end port can be left empty if only a single port is specified. Of course, the end port cannot be larger than the start port.

The **Application name** is a text string that describes the corresponding entity with up to 31 characters. Remember to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.



TCP/UDP port filters

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables TCP/UDP port filters	Disable
Disable	Disables TCP/UDP port filters	

Policy

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Accept	Only the packets fitting the entities on list can be allowed.	Drop
Drop	Any packet fitting the entities on list will be denied.	



ATTENTION

Be careful when you enable the filter function:

Drop + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **allowed**

Accept + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are denied

RSTP Settings (Master or Slave Mode Only)

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL supports IEEE 802.1D for Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) and IEEE 802.1w for Rapid STP standards. In addition to eliminating unexpected path looping, STP/RSTP can provide a backup path recovery if a wired/ wireless path fails accidentally. The reliability and availability can increase because this fail-over function.

IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's STP/RSTP feature is disabled by default. To be completely effective, you must enable RSTP/STP on every IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL connected to your network. If IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL plays a **Slave** role, which is connected to a device (PLC, RTU, etc.) as opposed to network switch equipment, it is not necessary to enable STP/RSTP. The reason is that it will cause unnecessary negotiation. IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CLs support STP/RSTP in **Master or Slave mode** only.

The following figures indicate which Spanning Tree Protocol parameters can be configured. A more detailed explanation of each parameter is given below the figure.

RSTP Settings (WLAN is for M	aster/Slave only)			
Bridge priority	32768 🗸			
Hello time	2 (1 to 1	0 seconds)		
Forwarding delay	15 (4 to 3	0 seconds)		
Max. age	20 (6 to 4	0 seconds)		
No.	■ Enable RSTP	Port Priority	Port Cost	■ Edge Port
1 LAN		128 🗸	20000	
2 WLAN: Master		128 🗸	200000	
Submit				

NOTE The recovery time for STP/RSTP in firmware version 1.6 is around 25 to 35 seconds.

RSTP status

This field will appear only when selected to operate STP/RSTP. It indicates whether this IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is the Root of the Spanning Tree (the root is determined automatically) or not.

Bridge priority

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value	You can increase the bridge priority by selecting a lower	32768
selected by user	number. A higher bridge priority brings a greater chance of	
	being established as the root of the Spanning Tree topology.	

Hello time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value input	The root of the Spanning Tree topology periodically sends out a	2 (seconds)
by user	"hello" message to other devices on the network to check if the	
(1 - 10 seconds)	topology is healthy. Hello time indicates how often the root	
	sends hello messages.	

Forwarding delay

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value input	The amount of time this device waits before checking to see if it	15 (seconds)
by user	should change to a different topology.	
(4 to 30 seconds)		

Max. age

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value input	As a non-root role, if the device has not received a hello	20 (seconds)
by user	message from the root longer than Max. age, it will reconfigure	
(6 to 40 seconds)	itself as a root. Once two or more devices on the network are	
	recognized as a root, the devices will renegotiate to set up a	
	new Spanning Tree topology.	

Enable RSTP

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	Enables or disables the port as a node on the Spanning Tree	Disable (unchecked)
	topology.	

Port priority

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value	Increase this port's priority as a node on the Spanning Tree	128
selected by user	topology by inputting a lower number.	

Port cost

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	Input a higher cost to indicate that this port is less suitable as a	2000000
	node for the Spanning Tree topology	

Edge port

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Checked/Unchecked	Sets a port, which no BPDU expectedly goes through, as an	Unchecked, except
	edge port	AP port

NOTE

We recommend you set an edge port for the port, which is connected to a non-STP/RSTP sub-network or an end device (PLC, RTU, etc.) as opposed to network equipment. This can prevent unnecessary waiting and negotiation of STP/RSTP protocol, and accelerate system initialization. When an edge port receives BPDUs, it can still function as an STP/RSTP port and start negotiation.

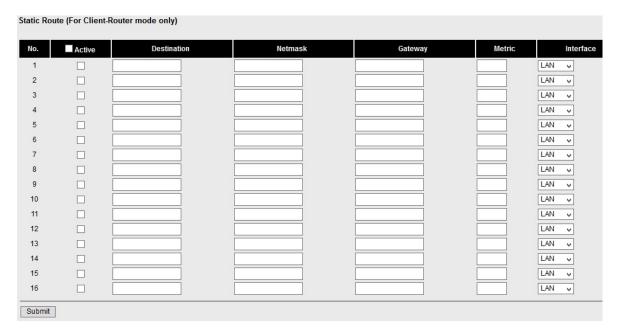
Setting an edge port is different from disabling STP/RSTP on a port. If you disable STP/RSTP, a port will not deal with STP/RSTP BPDUs at all.

Port Status

Port Status indicates the current Spanning Tree status of this port. Use **Forwarding** for normal transmission, or **Blocking** to block transmission.

Static Route (For Client-Router Mode Only)

The Static Route page is used to configure the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's static routing table.



Active

Click the checkbox to enable Static Routing.

Destination

Specifies the destination IP address.

Netmask

Specifies the subnet mask for this IP address.

Gateway

Specifies the IP address of the router that connects the LAN to an outside network.

Metric

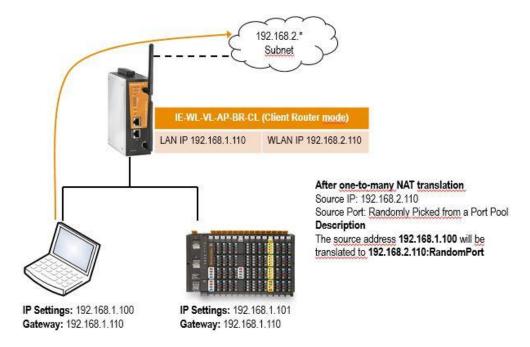
Specifies a "cost" for accessing the neighboring network.

Interface

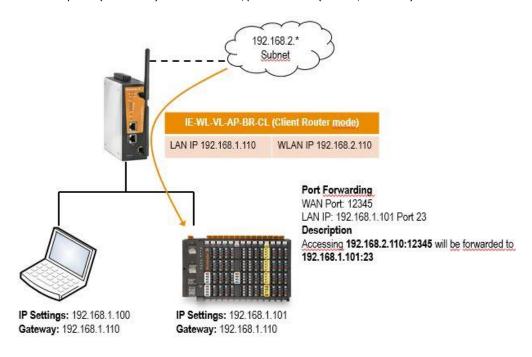
Specifies the designated network interface for this routing rule.

NAT Settings/Port Forwarding (For Client-Router mode only)

Network Address Translation (NAT)—or to be more specific, one-to-many NAT, NAPT, or PAT—is supported to facilitate the Client-Router operation mode. This feature translates the out-going communication from multiple private IPs to a single external IP (WLAN IP) with a randomly assigned port for return traffic.

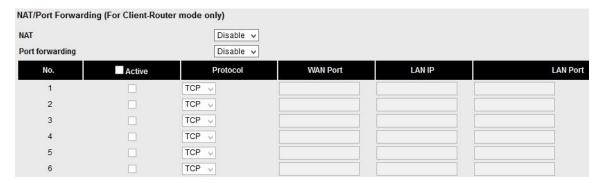


In order to allow external devices to initiate the communication, Port Forwarding is used to specify a static map between external ports (WAN Port) and internal IP/port combos (LAN IP/LAN Port)



Enabling NAT and Port Forwarding provides the following benefits:

- Uses the NAT function to hide the Internal IP address of a critical network or device to increase the level of security of industrial network applications.
- Uses the same private IP address for different, but identical, groups of Ethernet devices. For example,
 N-to-1 NAT makes it easy to duplicate or extend identical production lines



NAT

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	Enables or disables the NAT translation	Disable

Port Forwarding

Active: Click the checkbox to enable Port Forwarding rule(s).

Protocol: Specifies the communication protocol.

WAN Port: Specifies the external port to be forwarded to.

LAN IP: Specifies the "forward to" LAN IP. **LAN Port:** Specifies the "forward to" LAN Port.

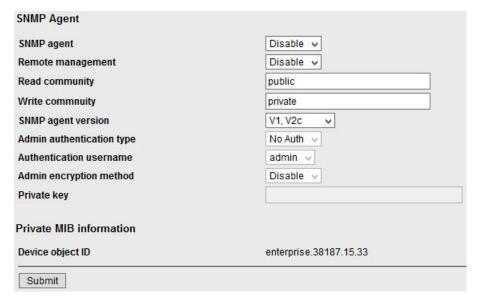
SNMP Agent

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL supports SNMP V1/V2c/V3. SNMP V1 and SNMP V2c use a community string match for authentication, which means that SNMP servers access all objects with read-only or read/write permissions using the community string *public/private* (default value). SNMP V3, which requires you to select an authentication level of MD5 or SHA, is the most secure protocol. You can also enable data encryption to enhance data security.

SNMP security modes and security levels supported by the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL are shown in the following table. Select the security mode and level that will be used to communicate between the SNMP agent and manager.

Protocol Version	Setting on UI web page	Authentication Type	Data Encryption	Method
SNMP	V1, V2c	Community string	No	Use a community string match for
V1, V2c	Read Community			authentication
	V1, V2c Write/Read Community	Community string	No	Use a community string match for authentication
SNMP V3	No-Auth	No	No	Use account with admin or user to access objects
	MD5 or SHA	Authentication based on MD5 or SHA	No	Provides authentication based on HMAC-MD5, or HMAC-SHA algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.
	MD5 or SHA	Authentication based on MD5 or SHA	Data encryption key	Provides authentication based on HMAC-MD5 or HMAC-SHA algorithms, and data encryption key. 8-character passwords and a data encryption key are the minimum requirements for authentication and encryption.

The following parameters can be configured on the **SNMP Agent** page. A more detailed explanation of each parameter is given below the following figure.



SNMP agent

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables SNMP agent	Disable
Disable	Disables SNMP agent	

Remote management

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Allow remote management via SNMP agent	Disable
Disable	Disallow remote management via SNMP agent	

Read community (for V1, V2c)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1, V2c Read	Use a community string match with a maximum of 31	public
Community	characters for authentication. This means that the SNMP agent	
	can access all objects with read-only permissions using this	
	community string.	

Write community (for V1, V2c)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1, V2c Read /Write	Use a community string match with a maximum of 31	private
Community	characters for authentication. This means that the SNMP agent	
	can accesses all objects with read/write permissions using this	
	community string.	

SNMP agent version

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1, V2c, V3, or	Select the SNMP protocol version used to manage the switch.	V1, V2c
V1, V2c, or		
V3 only		

Admin auth type (for V1, V2c, V3, and V3 only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
No Auth	Use admin account to access objects. No authentication	No Auth
MD5	Provide authentication based on the HMAC-MD5 algorithms.	
	8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for	
	authentication.	
SHA	Provides authentication based on	
	HMAC-SHA algorithms. 8-character passwords are the	
	minimum requirement for authentication.	

Authentication username: Determines one account setting among 8 possible accounts as the SNMP authentication account setting when the authentication type is MD5/SHA.

Admin private key (for V1, V2, V3, and V3 only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Disable	No data encryption	Disable
DES	DES-based data encryption	
AES	AES-based data encryption	

Private key

A data encryption key is the minimum requirement for data encryption (maximum of 63 characters)

Private MIB Information Device Object ID

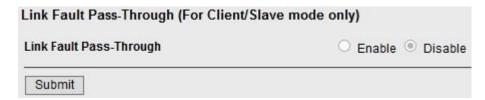
Also known as OID. This is the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's enterprise value. It is fixed.

Link Fault Pass-Through (for Client/Slave mode only)

This function means if Ethernet port is link down, wireless connection will be forced to disconnect. Once Ethernet link is recovered, IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL will try to connect to AP.

If wireless is disconnected, IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL restarts auto-negotiation on Ethernet port but always stays in the link failure state. Once the wireless connection is recovered, device will try to recover the Ethernet link.

System log will indicate the link fault pass through events in addition to the original link up/down events.



Link Fault Pass-Through

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables Link Fault Pass-Through	Disable
Disable	Disables Link Fault Pass-Through	

Logs and Notifications

Since industrial-grade devices are often located at the endpoints of a system, these devices will not always know what is happening elsewhere on the network. This means that these devices, including wireless APs or clients, must provide system maintainers with real-time alarm messages. Even when system administrators are out of the control room for an extended period, they can still be informed of the status of devices almost instantaneously when exceptions occur.

In addition to logging these events, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL supports different approaches to warn engineers automatically, such as SNMP trap, e-mail, and relay output. It also supports two digital inputs to integrate sensors into your system to automate alarms by email and relay output.

System Logs

System Log Event Types

Detailed information for grouped events is shown in the following table. Check the box for **Enable logging** to enable the grouped events. All default values are enabled (checked). The log for system events can be seen in **Status > System Logs**.

Event Type Event Type V Active Network-related events Configuration-related events Power events DI events Submit Enable Logging Active Active Active Active

System-related events	Event is triggered when
System warm start	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is rebooted, such as when its settings are
	changed (IP address, subnet mask, etc.).
System cold start	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is rebooted by power down.
Watchdog triggers reboot	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is rebooted by watchdog
Network-related events	Event is triggered when
LAN link on	The LAN port is connected to a device or network.
LAN link off	The port is disconnected (e.g., the cable is pulled out, or the
	opposing device shuts down).
Client joined/ left	A wireless client is associated or disassociated.
(for AP/Master mode)	
WLAN connected to AP	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is associated with an AP.
(for Client/Slave mode)	
WLAN disconnected	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is disassociated from an AP.
(for Client/Slave mode)	
RSTP changed	The RSTP topology has changed
RSTP new root bridge ID	The RSTP changes its root bridge ID
Client Roaming from previous AP to	A client roams from a previous AP to the current AP if the signal
current AP (for Client/Slave mode)	strength of the current AP is greater than the previous AP by a
	certain value.
IP address conflict	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL has the same IP address as another
	device connected to the same subnet.
Link fault pass-through LAN/WLAN	The WLAN/LAN link is up and the Link fault pass-through (LFPT)
connected because of WLAN/LAN up	enables the LAN/WLAN functionality.
Link fault pass-through LAN/WLAN	The WLAN/LAN link is down and the Link fault pass-through (LFPT)
disconnected because of WLAN/LAN down	disables the LAN/WLAN functionality.
Channel availability check over DFS	The channel availability check (CAC) is started on channel
frequency (for AP/Master mode)	[channel] at [frequency] GHz for 60 sec./
	The channel availability check (CAC) task has been completed on
	channel [channel] at [frequency] GHz./
	A radar signal is detected on channel [channel] at [frequency]
	GHz.
AeroLink protection state	The AeroLink protection state changes.
	AeroLink states: Initialize (init)/ Discovery/ Idle/ Negotiation
	(nego)/ Back up/ Active/ Changed/ Undefined (undef)
Configuration-related events	Event is triggered when
Configuration Changed	A configuration item has been changed.
Configuration file import via Web Console	The configuration file is imported to the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.
Console authentication failure	An incorrect password is entered.
Firmware upgraded	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's firmware is updated.
Loaded the configuration from	The configuration is successfully loaded/there is an error loading
EBR-MODULE RS232	the configuration from EBR-MODULE RS232.

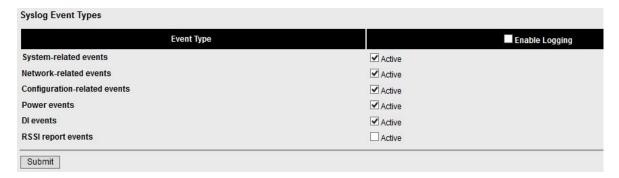
Saving configuration to EBR-MODULE	The configuration is successfully saved/there is an error saving the
RS232	configuration to EBR-MODULE RS232.
EBR-MODULE RS232 failure	IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL cannot detect an EBR-MODULE RS232 at
	the console port.
Configuration reset to default	The configuration is reset to factory default.
Power events	Event is triggered when
Power events Power 1/2 transition (On -> Off)	Event is triggered when The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is powered down in PWR1/2.
	55
Power 1/2 transition (On -> Off)	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is powered down in PWR1/2.

Syslog

This function provides the event logs for the Syslog server. The function supports up to three configurable Syslog servers and Syslog server UDP port numbers. When an event occurs, the event will be sent as a Syslog UDP packet to the specified Syslog servers.

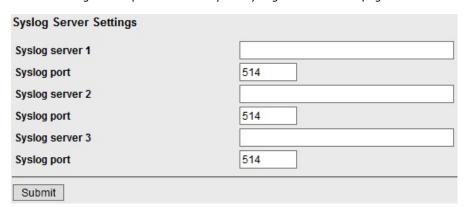
Syslog Event Types

Detailed information for the grouped events is shown in the following table. Check the box for **Enable logging** to enable the grouped events. All default values are enabled (checked). Detailed descriptions of the event types are available in the *System Logs* section.



Syslog Server Settings

You can configure the parameters for your Syslog servers in this page.



Syslog server 1/2/3

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address	Enter the IP address of the 1st/ 2nd/ 3rd Syslog Server	None

Syslog port

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Port destination	Enter the UDP port of the corresponding Syslog server	514
(1 to 65535)		

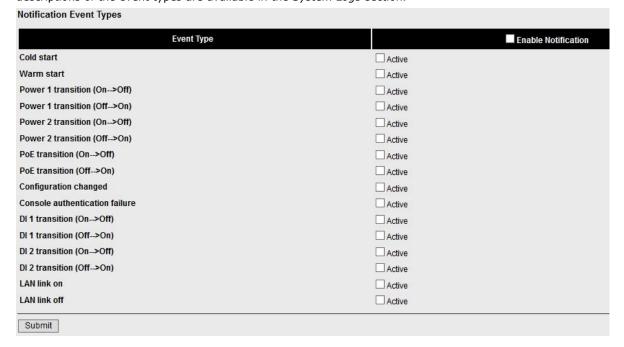
NOTE

The **RSSI report events (Only for Client mode)** event type is useful during the site survey stage and uses a special utility to draw RSSI table values. However, this function increases the traffic load; we recommend setting this function to **disable** during normal usage.

E-mail Notifications

Notification Event Types

Check the box for **Active** to enable the event items. All default values are deactivated (unchecked). Detailed descriptions of the event types are available in the *System Logs* section.



E-mail Server Settings

You can set up to 4 e-mail addresses to receive alarm emails from the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL. The following parameters can be configured on the **E-mail Server Settings** page. In addition, a **Send Test Mail** button can be used to test whether the Mail server and e-mail addresses work well. More detailed explanations about these parameters are given after the following figure.

Mail server (SMTP)	
User name	
Password	
From e-mail address	
To e-mail address 1	
To e-mail address 2	
To e-mail address 3	
To e-mail address 4	

NOTE IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL does not support Google and Yahoo SMTP server services in firmware V1.6.

Mail server (SMTP)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address	The IP Address of your email server.	None

User name & Password

Setting	Description	Factory Default
	User name and password used in the SMTP server	None

From e-mail address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. 63 characters	Enter the administrator's e-mail address which will be shown in	None
	the "From" field of a warning e-mail.	

To E-mail address 1/2/3/4

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. 63 characters	Enter the receivers' e-mail addresses.	None

Relay

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL has one relay output, which consists of 2 terminal block contacts on the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's top panel. These relay contacts are used to indicate user-configured events and system failure.

The two wires attached to the relay contacts form an open circuit when a user-configured event is triggered. If a user-configured event does not occur, the relay circuit will remain closed. For safety reasons, the relay circuit is kept open when the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is not powered.

Relay Event Types

You can check the box for **Active** to enable the event items. All default values are deactivated (unchecked). Detailed descriptions of the event types are available in the *System Logs* section.

Event Type	■ Enable Notification
Power 1 transition (On->Off)	☐ Active
Power 2 transition (On>Off)	Active
PoE transition (On>Off)	Active
DI 1 transition (On>Off)	☐ Active
DI 1 transition (Off>On)	Active
DI 2 transition (On>Off)	Active
DI 2 transition (Off>On)	Active
LAN link on	Active
LAN link off	Active

Trap

Traps can be used to signal abnormal conditions (notifications) to a management station. This trap-driven notification can make your network more efficient.

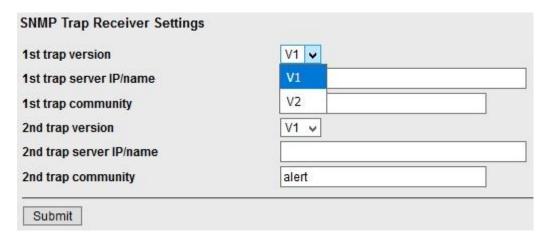
Because a management station usually takes care of a large number of devices that have a large number of objects, it will be overloading for the management station to poll or send requests to query every object on every device. It would be better if the managed device agent could notify the management station by sending a message known as a trap for the event.

Trap Event Types

Trap Event Types	
Event Type	■ Enable Notification
Cold start	Active
Warm start	Active
Power 1 transition (On>Off)	Active
Power 1 transition (Off>On)	Active
Power 2 transition (On>Off)	Active
Power 2 transition (Off>On)	Active
PoE transition (On>Off)	Active
PoE transition (Off>On)	Active
Configuration changed	Active
Console authentication failure	Active
DI 1 transition (On>Off)	Active
DI 1 transition (Off>On)	Active
DI 2 transition (On>Off)	Active
DI 2 transition (Off>On)	Active
LAN link on	Active
LAN link off	Active
Submit	

SNMP Trap Receiver Settings

SNMP traps are defined in SMIv1 MIBs (SNMPv1) and SMIv2 MIBs (SNMPv2c). The two styles are basically equivalent, and it is possible to convert between the two. You can set the parameters for SNMP trap receivers through the web page.



1st / 2nd trap version

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1	SNMP trap defined in SNMPv1	V1
V2	SNMP trap defined in SNMPv2	

1st / 2nd trap server IP/name

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address or host	Enter the IP address or name of the trap server used by your	None
name	network.	

1st / 2nd trap community

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Use a community string match with a maximum of 31	Alert
	characters for authentication.	

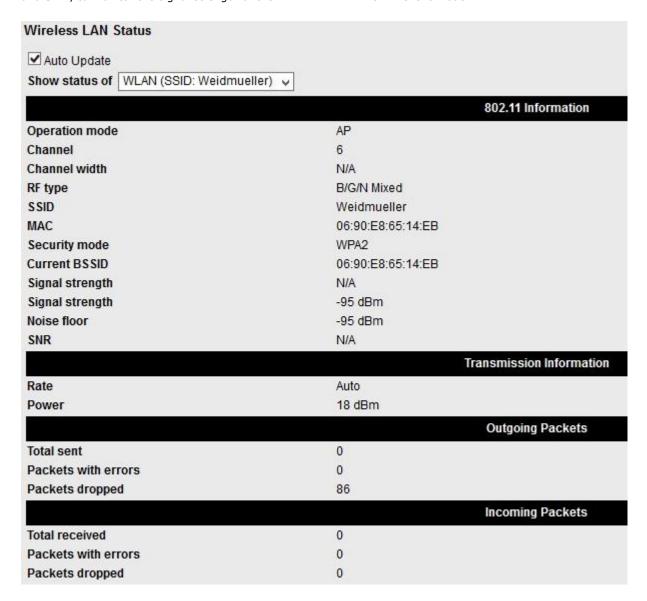
Status

Wireless LAN Status

The status for **802.11 Information** parameters, such as Operation mode and Channel, are shown on the **Wireless Status** page. The status will refresh every 5 seconds if the **Auto refresh** box is checked.

Certain values for **802.11 Information** may not show up due to different operation modes. As a result, **Current BSSID, Signal strength,** and **SNR** are not available in AP mode.

It is helpful to use the continuously updated information on this page, such as **Signal strength, Noise floor,** and **SNR**, to monitor the signal strength of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL in Client mode.



Associated Client List (for AP/Master Mode Only)

The Associated Client List shows all the clients that are currently associated with a particular IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL. This page provides useful information for easier network diagnosis:

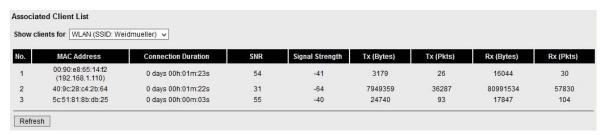
MAC Address: Displays the associated client MAC address. If DHCP server is enabled on this AP/Master, the IP address will also be displayed.

Connection Duration: States how long the client has been connecting to this AP/Master.

SNR/Signal Strength: States the Signal-Noise Ratio/Signal Strength of the associated client. This is especially useful for identifying a weak signal client that is potentially reducing the overall wireless performance.

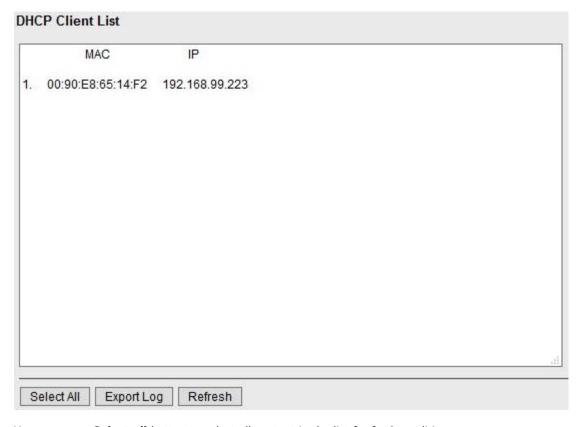
Tx (Bytes/Pkts): Records the AP-to-client traffic after a client is associated.

Rx (Bytes/Pkts): Records the client-to-AP traffic after a client is associated.



DHCP Client List (for AP Mode Only)

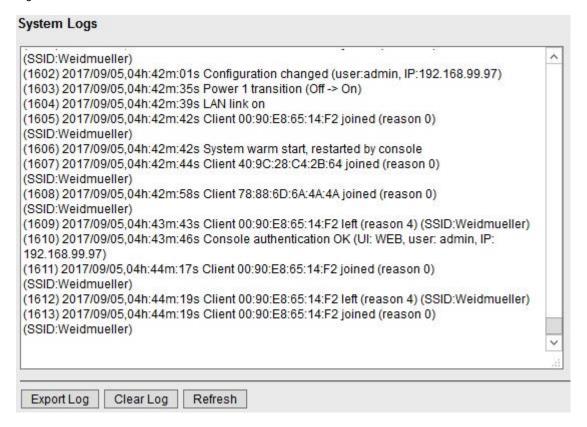
The DHCP Client List shows all the clients that require and have successfully received IP assignments. You can click the **Refresh** button to refresh the list.



You can press **Select all** button to select all content in the list for further editing.

System Logs

Triggered events are recorded in System Log. You can export the log contents to an available viewer by clicking **Export Log**. You can use the **Clear Log** button to clear the log contents and the **Refresh** button to refresh the log.



Relay Status

The status of user-configurable events can be found under **Relay Status**. The status will refresh every 5 seconds if the **Auto refresh** box is checked.

If an event is triggered, it will be noted on this list. System administrators can click **Acknowledge Event** when he has acknowledged the event and addressed it.



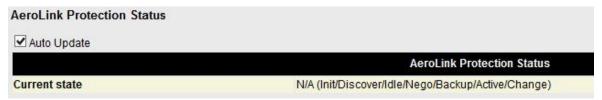
DI and Power Status

The status of power inputs and digital inputs is shown on this web page. The status will refresh every 5 seconds if the **Auto refresh** box is checked.



AeroLink Protection Status (For Client/Slave Mode Only)

After you have enabled AeroLink Protection in the **Advanced WLAN Setup** panel, the current state of the AeroLink Protection is displayed here for easy diagnosis.



A member of the AeroLink Protection group can take one of the following seven states:

- Initiation State (Init): Initiates the AeroLink Protection Protocol
- Discovering State (Discover): Discovers other AeroLink Protection members for further negotiation
- Idle State (Idle): Internal protocol checkpoint
- Negotiation State (Nego): Negotiates with other AeroLink Protection members and elects an Active
 node.
- **Backup State (Backup)**: After negotiation, this node is assigned as a Backup node. All traffic will go through the Active node instead.

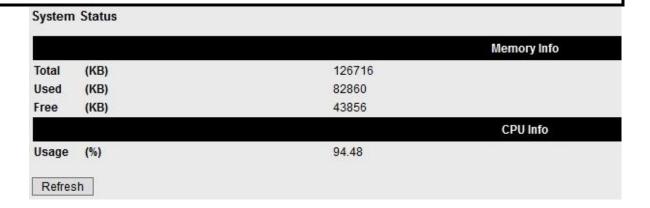
NOTE When a node is in Backup state, the STATE LED will be blinking.

- **Active State (Active)**: After negotiation, this node is assigned as Active node, which means that all traffic will go through this node.
- **Role Change State (Change)**: If the Active node is no longer capable of data transmission via the WLAN, it will turn into Change State to trigger the re-negotiation of the Active node from the Backup nodes.

System Status

The system status section indicates the status of the device memory and CPU usage in the current device.

NOTE A CPU overload can result in a watchdog-triggered reboot of the system. Factors such as a high number of firewall rules (IP/MAC/Protocol filters) and traffic PPS (packet per second) contribute to the rise in CPU usage.

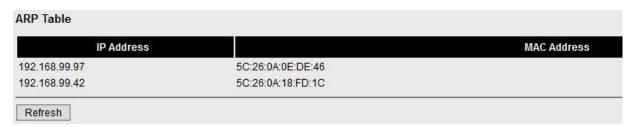


Network Status

The network status section indicates the network status of the device with respect to ARP, bridge status, LLDP, RSTP, and the routing table.

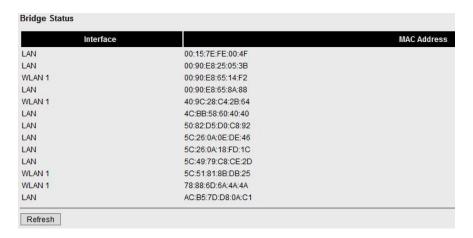
ARP Table

Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Table - indicates the current IP to MAC address mapping for the device.



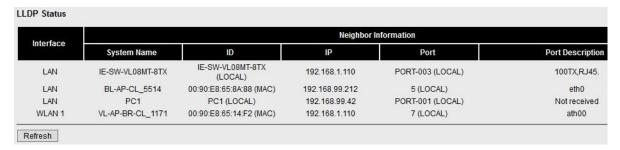
Bridge Status

Bridge Status indicates the current status of the network bridge on the device. The interfaces and the corresponding MAC addresses in this section are the entry points for ingress traffic.



LLDP Status

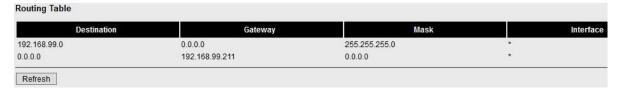
Displays information on neighboring devices collected via LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol).



NOTE The LLDP function in IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL does not support IEEE 802.3.

Routing Table

The **Routing Table** displays the routing information for the current device.



RSTP Status

Displays the Spanning Tree Protocol parameters configured.



Maintenance

Maintenance functions provide the administrator with tools to manage the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL and wired/wireless networks.

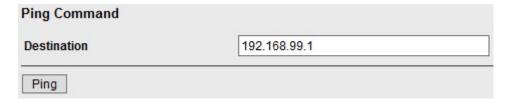
Console Settings

You can enable or disable access permission for the following consoles: HTTP, HTTPS, Telnet, and SSH connections. For more security, we recommend you only allow access to the two secured consoles, HTTPS and SSH.

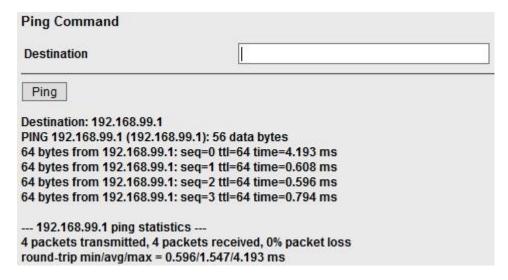


Ping

Ping helps to diagnose the integrity of wired or wireless networks. By inputting a node's IP address in the **Destination** field, you can use the **ping** command to make sure it exists and whether or not the access path is available.



If the node and access path are available, you will see that all packets were successfully transmitted with no loss. Otherwise, some, or even all, packets may get lost, as shown in the following figure.



Firmware Upgrade

The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL can be enhanced with more value-added functions by installing firmware upgrades. The latest firmware is available at Weidmüller's download center.

Before running a firmware upgrade, make sure the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is off-line. Click the **Browse** button to specify the firmware image file and click **Firmware Upgrade and Restart** to start the firmware upgrade. After the progress bar reaches 100%, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL will reboot itself.

When upgrading your firmware, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's other functions are forbidden.





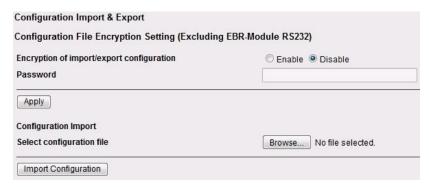
ATTENTION

Please make sure the power source is stable when you upgrade your firmware. An unexpected power breakup may damage your IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.

Configuration Import and Export

First way you can back up or restore the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's configuration with **Configuration Import & Export**.

In the **Configuration Import** section, click **Browse** to specify the configuration file and click **Import Configuration** button to begin importing the configuration.



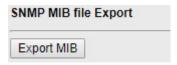
In the **Configuration Export** section, click the **Export Configuration** button and save the configuration file onto your local storage media. The configuration file is a text file and you can view and edit it with a general text-editing tool.



You can also back up or restore the EBR-MODULE RS232 configuration with Config Import Export.



The SNMP MIB file is also available from SNMP MIB File EXPORT.

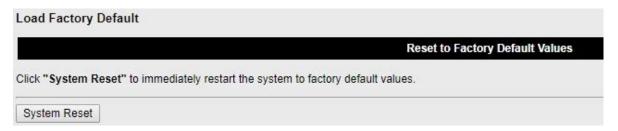


To download the configuration to the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL:

- 1. Turn off the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.
- 2. Plug in the EBR-MODULE RS232 to the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's RS-232 console.
- 3. Turn on IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.
- 4. IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL will detect the EBR-MODULE RS232during the boot up process, and download the configuration from the EBR-MODULE RS232 to the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL automatically. Once the configuration downloads correctly, the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL emits three short beeps and then continues with the boot-up process.
- 5. Once the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL has booted up successfully, it will emit the normal two beeps, and the ready LED will turn to solid green.

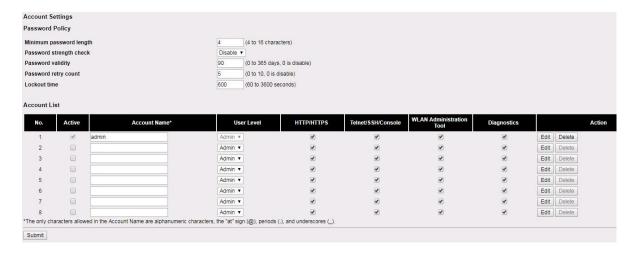
Load Factory Default

Use this function to reset the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL and roll all settings back to the factory default values. You can also reset the hardware by pressing the reset button on the top panel of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.



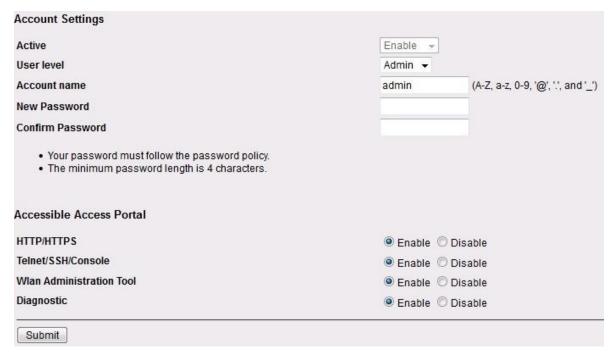
Account Settings

To ensure that devices located at remote sites are secure from hackers, we recommend setting up a high-strength password the first time you configure the device.



Field	Description	Default setting
Minimum	By default, passwords can be between 4 and 16 characters. For	4
password length	improved security, we recommend changing the minimum	
	password length to at least 8 characters the first time you	
	configure the device.	
Password	Enable the password strength check option to ensure that users	Disable
strength check	are required to select high-strength passwords.	
	Note: See the Change Password section below for details.	
Password	The number of days after which the password must be changed.	90 days
validity	Passwords should be updated regularly to protect against hackers.	
Password retry	The number of consecutive times a user can enter an incorrect	5
count	password while logging in before the device's login function is	
	locked.	
Lockout time	The number of seconds the device's login function will be locked	600 seconds
	after n consecutive unsuccessful login attempts, where $n = the$	
	password retry count.	

Click **Edit** to create a new, or edit an existing, user account. The items shown below can be configured.



Field	Description	Default Setting
Active	Select Enable to enable the user account.	Disable
User level	Administrator: Allows the user to access the Web UI, change the	Admin
	device's configuration, and use the device's import/export	
	capability.	
	User: Allows the user to access the Web UI, but the user will not be	
	able to change the device's configuration or use the device's	
	import/export capability.	
Account name	The username of the account.	Admin
New Password	The password used to log in to the device.	Detmold
Confirm	Retype the password. If the Confirm Password and New Password	N/A
Password	fields do not match, you will be asked to reenter the password.	

Change Password

Use the **Change Password** function to change the password of existing user accounts. First input the current password, and then type the new password in the **New password** and **Confirm password** input boxes.

Note: To maintain a higher level of network security, do not use the default password (Detmold), and be sure to change all user account passwords regularly.

Change Password	
Current password	
New password	
Confirm password	
Your password must follow the password policy. The minimum password length is 4 characters.	

NOTE

If the **Password-strength test** option is enabled, you will be prompted to use passwords that adhere to the following password policy:

- The password must contain at least one digit: 0, 1, 2, ..., 9.
- The password must contain both upper and lower case letters: A, B, ..., Z, a, b, ..., z.
- The password must contain at least one of the following special characters: $\sim !@\#\$\%^\&-_|;:,.<>[]{}$
- The password must have more characters than the minimum password length (default = 4).
- Starting with the firmware version 1.4, the default password is **Detmold**. For all previous firmware versions (up to 1.3), the default password is **root**.

Misc. Settings

Additional settings to help you manage your IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL are available on this page.



Reset button

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Always Enable	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's Reset button works normally.	Always enable
Disable the Factory	The IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's reset to default function will be	
Reset Function after 60	inactive 60 seconds after the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL finishes	
Seconds	booting up.	

Troubleshooting

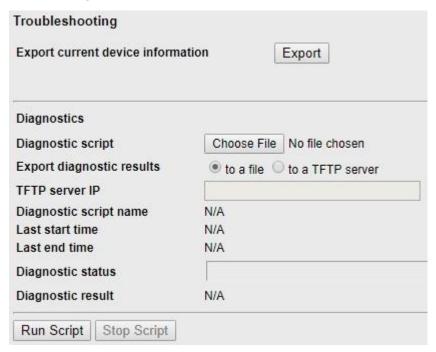
This feature allows you to quickly obtain the current system status and provide diagnostics information to Weidmüller engineers.

To export the current device information, click **Export**.

Troubleshooting		
Export current device information	Export	

For cases where advanced troubleshooting is required, contact a Weidmüller engineer who can provide you with an encrypted script file. The encrypted script file can capture additional details on the system.

To run the script, browse to and select the script file using **Browse** and click **Run Script** after you have filled in the following details:

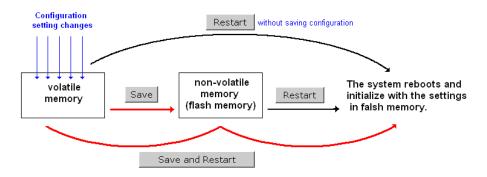


Setting	Description
Diagnostic script	Use the Browse button to select the Weidmüller diagnosis script file.
Export diagnostic results	Select if you want to export:
	- to a file
	- to a TFTP server
TFTP server IP	If you have selected the TFTP option, specify the IP address of the TFTP server.
Diagnostic script name	Displays the name of the script file
Last start time	Displays the start time of the last script execution
Last end time	Displays the end time of the last script execution
Diagnostic status	Displays the progress of the system diagnostics
Diagnostic result	Displays the result of the system diagnostics.
	If you have selected the export to a file option, the system log is encrypted and
	packed into a file. The limit on the log file size is 1 MB. When the size of the log file
	reaches 1MB another file is created. A maximum of 5 files (5MB) will be kept for
	downloading. When the number of files exceeds five, the oldest file is deleted.

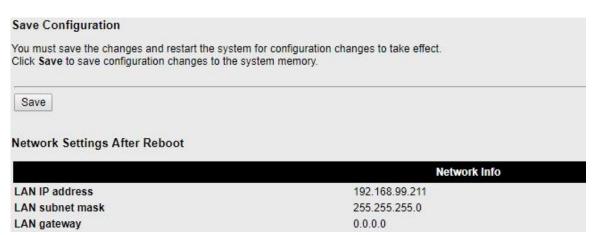
Save Configuration

The following figure shows how the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL stores the setting changes into volatile and non-volatile memory. All data stored in volatile memory will disappear when the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is shutdown or rebooted. Because the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL starts up and initializes with the settings stored in flash memory, all new changes must be saved to flash memory before restarting the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.

This also means the new changes will not work unless you run either the **Save Configuration** function or the **Restart** function.



After you click on **Save Configuration** in the left menu box, the following screen will appear. Click **Save** if you wish to update the configuration settings in the flash memory at this time. Alternatively, you may choose to run other functions and put off saving the configuration until later. However, the new setting changes will remain in the non-volatile memory until you save the configurations.

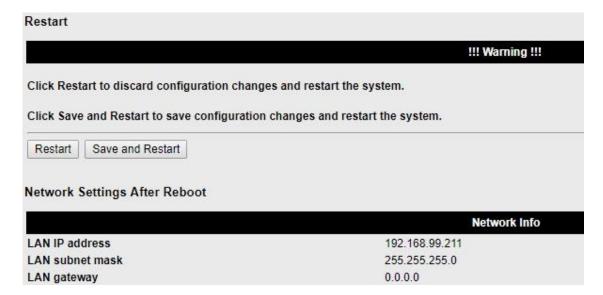


Restart

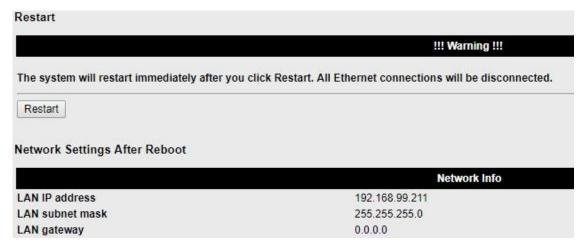
If you submitted configuration changes, you will find a blinking string in the upper right corner of the screen. After making all your changes, click the **Restart** function in the left menu box. One of two different screens will appear.

If you made changes recently but did not save, you will be given two options. Clicking the **Restart** button here will reboot the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL directly, and all setting changes will be ignored.

Clicking the Save and Restart button will apply all setting changes and then reboot the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.



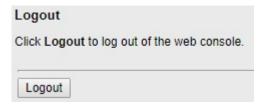
If you run the **Restart** function without changing any configurations or saving all your changes, you will see just one **Restart** button on your screen.



You will not be able to run any of the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's functions while the system is rebooting.

Logout

Logout helps users disconnect the current HTTP or HTTPS session and go to the Login page. For security reasons, we recommend you logout before quitting the console manager.



Software Installation and Configuration

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

■ WLAN Administration Tool

- > Installing WLAN Administration Tool
- > Configuring WLAN Administration Tool

WLAN Administration Tool

NOTE

You may download the WLAN Administration Tool from the Weidmüller website using the following path:

- 1. Open www.weidmueller.com/Downloads
- 2. Select page "Software"
- 3. Select page "Industrial Ethernet"
- 4. Select category "Industrial Wireless (Firmware and Software for IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL)"
- Download "WLAN Administration Tool"

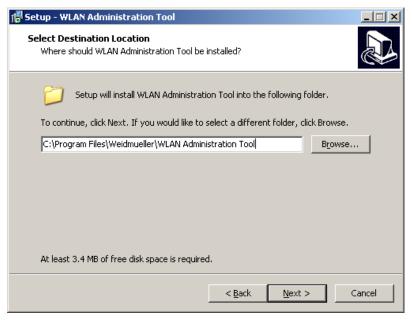
Installing WLAN Administration Tool

For example, if the file was placed on the Windows desktop, it should appear as follows. Simply double click on the icon to run the program.

1. Click **Next** when the **Welcome** screen opens to proceed with the installation.



2. Click **Next** to install program files to the default directory, or click **Browse** to select an alternate location.



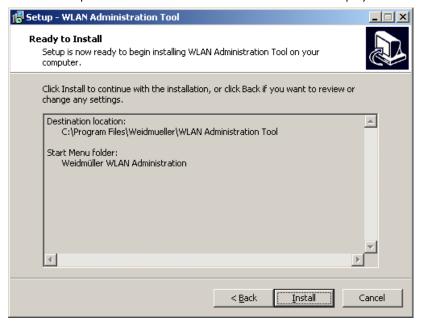
3. Click **Next** to create the program's shortcut files to the default directory, or click **Browse** to select an alternate location.



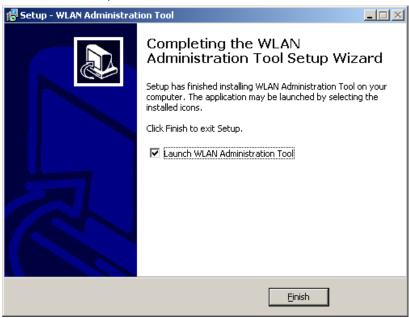
4. Click Next to select additional tasks.



5. Click **Next** to proceed with the installation. The installer then displays a summary of the installation options.



- 6. Click **Install** to begin the installation. The setup window will report the progress of the installation. To change the installation settings, click **Back** and navigate to the previous screen.
- 7. Click Finish to complete the installation of WLAN Administration Tool.



Configuring WLAN Administration Tool

The Broadcast Search function is used to locate all IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL APs that are connected to the same LAN as your computer. After locating an IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL, you will be able to change its IP address. Since the Broadcast Search function searches by TCP packet and not IP address, it doesn't matter if the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL is configured as an AP or Client. In either case, APs and Clients connected to the LAN will be located, regardless of whether or not they are part of the same subnet as the host.

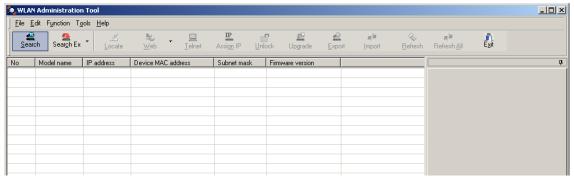
1. Start the WLAN Administration Tool program. After the first start of the WLAN Administration Tool the following window appears. There you have the possibility to set a password for access to the "device management function"



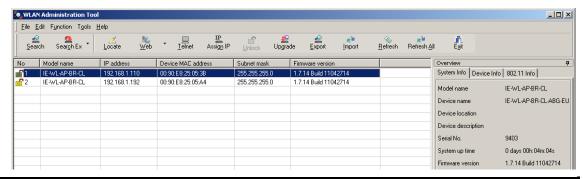
2. When the Login page appears, select the "Search Device only" option to search for IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CLs and to view each IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL's configuration. Select the "Device management" option to assign IPs, upgrade firmware, and locate devices.



3. The WLAN Administration Tool will start automatically. Then click the Search icon.



4. The "Searching" window indicates the progress of the search. When the search is complete, all IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CLs that were located will be displayed in the WLAN Administration Tool window.

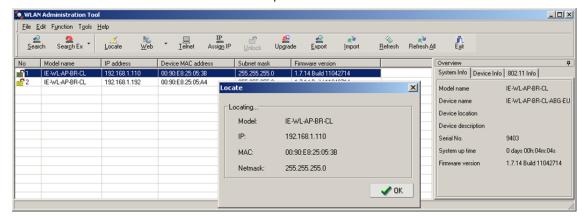




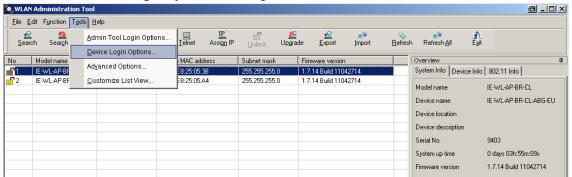
ATTENTION

Depending on the Windows Firewall settings the list of devices might be empty as Port 53 is blocked at the computer. In this case please define the Network as private network or allow incoming communication on Port 53 to use WLAN Administration Tool. Windows security settings may differ at different interfaces.

5. Click **Locate** to cause the selected device to beep.



- Make sure your IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL is **unlocked** before using the Administration Tool's icons setting. The IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL will unlock automatically if the password is set to the default. Otherwise you must enter the new password manually.
- 7. Go to **Tools** → **Device Login Options** to manage and unlock additional IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CLs.

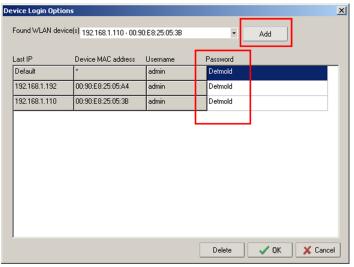


8. Use the scroll down list to select the MAC addresses of those IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CLs you would like to manage, and then click **Add**. Key in the password for the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL device and then click **OK** to save. If you return to the search page and search for the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL again, you will find that the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL will unlock automatically.

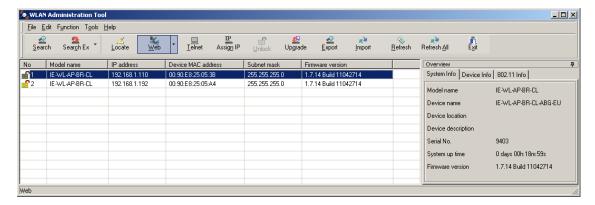


ATTENTION

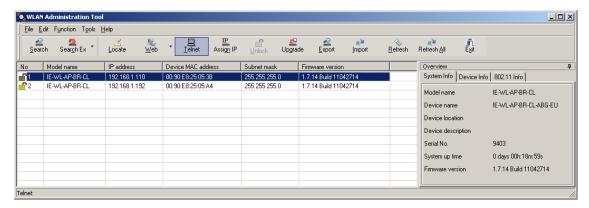
For security purposes, we suggest you can change the WLAN Administration Tool login password instead of using the default.



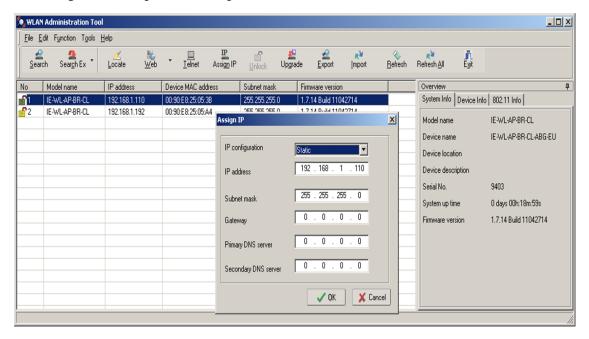
To modify the configuration of the highlighted IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL, click on the Web icon to open the web console. This will take you to the web console, where you can make all configuration changes. Refer to Chapter 3, "Using the Web Console," for information on how to use the web console.



Click on **Telnet** if you would like to use telnet to configure your IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL.



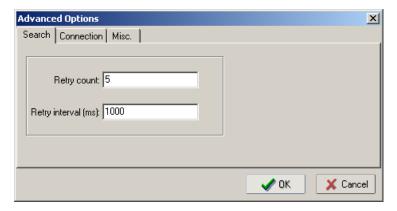
Click Assign IP to change the IP setting.



The three advanced options—Search, Connection, and Miscellaneous—are explained below:

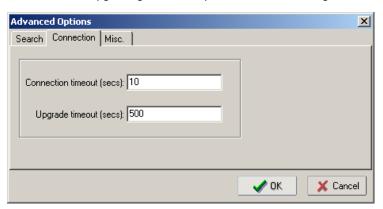
Search

- Retry count (default=5): Indicates how many times the search will be retried automatically.
- Retry interval (ms): The time lapsed between retries.



Connection

- Connection timeout (secs): Use this option to set the waiting time for the Default Login, Locate, Assign IP, Upload Firmware, and Unlock to complete.
- **Upgrade timeout (secs):** Use this option to set the waiting time for the connection to disconnect while the firmware is upgrading. Use this option to set the waiting time for the Firmware to write to flash.



Misc.

Search on start: Checkmark this box if you would like the search function to start searching for devices after you log in to the WLAN Administration Tool.



Additional Consoles

This chapter explains how to access the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL for the first time. In addition to HTTP access, there are four ways to access IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL: serial console, Telnet console, SSH console, and HTTPS console. The serial console connection method, which requires using a short serial cable to connect the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to a PC's COM port, can be used if you do not know the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's IP address. The other consoles can be used to access the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL over an Ethernet LAN, or over the Internet.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ☐ RS-232 Console Configuration (115200, None, 8, 1, VT100)
- □ Configuration by Telnet and SSH Consoles
- □ Configuration by Web Browser with HTTPS/SSL
- □ Disabling Telnet and Browser Access

RS-232 Console Configuration (115200, None, 8, 1, VT100)

The serial console connection method, which requires using a short serial cable to connect the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL to a PC's COM port, can be used if you do not know the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL's IP address. It is also convenient to use serial console configurations when you cannot access the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL over Ethernet LAN, such as in the case of LAN cable disconnections or broadcast storming over the LAN.



ATTENTION

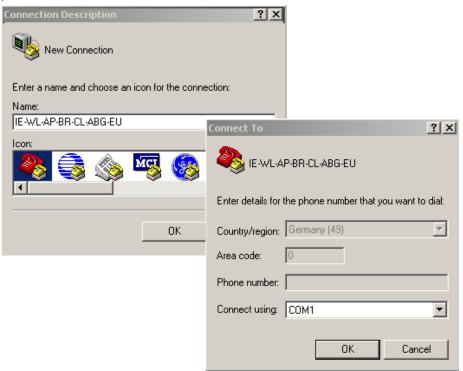
Do not use the RS-232 console manager when the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL is powered at reversed voltage (ex. -48VDC), even though reverse voltage protection is supported.

NOTE

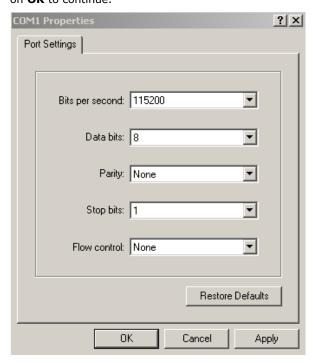
We recommend using Hyper Terminal Program, which is already installed under Windows XP operating system.

Before running Hyper Terminal Program, use an RJ45 to DB9-F (or RJ45 to DB25-F) cable to connect the device's RS-232 console port to your PC's COM port (generally COM1 or COM2, depending on how your system is set up). After starting Hyper Terminal Program, take the following steps to access the RS-232 console configuration.

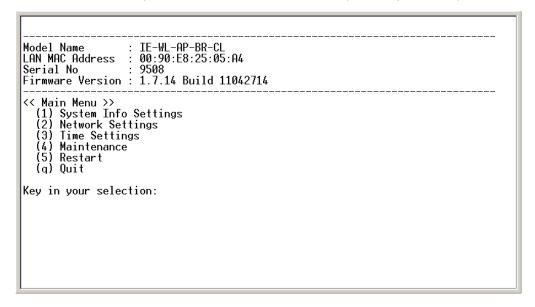
- 1. From the Windows desktop, click Start -> Programs -> Accessories -> Communications -> Hyper Terminal.
- 2. Start Hyper Terminal and enter a name of your choice for the new connection. Select the appropriate COM port for console connection in the "New Connection" window.



Select following Communication Parameter for the console connection:
 115200 for Baud Rate, 8 for Data Bits, None for Parity, and 1 for Stop Bits and None for Flow control. Click on OK to continue.



4. The Console login screen will appear. Enter the default login "admin" and then enter the default Console Password "Detmold" (this is the same as the Web Browser password) and then press Enter.



- 5. The IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL's Main Menu will be displayed
- 6. After entering the Main Menu, use the shown keys to move to select options.



ATTENTION

If you unplug the RS-232 cable or trigger **DTR**, a disconnection event will be evoked to enforce logout for network security. You will need to log in again to resume operation.

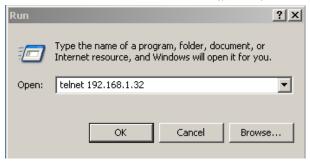
Configuration by Telnet and SSH Consoles

You can use Telnet or SSH client to access the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL and manage the console over a network. To access the device's functions over the network from a PC host that is connected to the same LAN as the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL, you need to make sure that the PC host and the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL are on the same logical subnet. To do this, check your PC host's IP address and subnet mask.

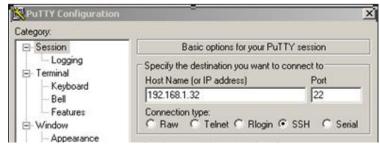
NOTE The device's default IP address is **192.168.1.110** and the default subnet mask is **255.255.255.0** (for a Class C network). If you do not set these values properly, please check the network settings of your PC host and then change the IP address to 192.168.1.xxx and subnet mask to 255.255.255.0.

Follow the steps below to access the console utility via the Telnet command or using an SSH client.

1. From Windows Desktop, run **Start** → **Run**, and then use Telnet to access the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL's IP address from the Windows Run window (you may also issue the telnet command from the MS-DOS prompt).



2. When using SSH client (ex. PuTTY), please run the client program (ex. putty.exe) and then input the device's IP address, specifying **22** for the SSH connection port.



3. The Console login screen will appear. Please refer to the previous paragraph "RS-232 Console Configuration" and for login and administration.

Configuration by Web Browser with HTTPS/SSL

To secure your HTTP access, the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL supports HTTPS/SSL encryption for all HTTP traffic. Perform the following steps to access the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL's web browser interface via HTTPS/SSL.

1. Open your web browser and type https://< IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL's IP address> in the address field. Press **Enter** to establish the connection.



2. Warning messages will pop out to warn users that the security certificate was issued by a company they have not chosen to trust.



Select **Yes** to accept the certificate and then enter the device's web browser interface secured via HTTPS/SSL. (You can see the protocol in URL is **https**.) Then you can use the menu tree on the left side of the window to open the function pages to access each of IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL's functions.



Disabling Telnet and Browser Access

If you are connecting the IE-WL-VL-AB-BR-CL to a public network but do not intend to use its management functions over the network, then we suggest disabling both Telnet Console and Web Configuration. Please run **Maintenance > Console Settings** to disable them, as shown in the following figure.





References

This chapter provides more detailed information about wireless-related technologies. The information in this chapter can help you administer your IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CLs and plan your industrial wireless network better.

The following topics are covered in this appendix:

- ☐ AeroLink Protection
- □ Beacon
- ☐ DTIM
- □ Fragment
- □ RTS Threshold
- ☐ STP and RSTP
 - ➤ The STP/RSTP Concept
 - > Differences between RSTP and STP

AeroLink Protection

In industrial applications, such as communication between off-shore oil platforms, or train-to-ground communications, a reliable wireless bridge is essential to minimize system downtime and maximize system availability. Weidmüller's AeroLink Protection provides a reliable wireless bridge between two networks to form network-level redundancy.

- 1. **Communication Failover:** AeroLink Protection members can negotiate with each other to automatically elect an Active node for data communication. If the Active node is no long capable of sending data to its access point, it will inform other Backup nodes to resume the communication via another path.
- 2. **Frequency-Interference Failover:** This concept is similar to the previous model. If the communication frequency experiences interference and data can no longer be transmitted over the Active frequency, it will resume the connection via another Backup frequency.
- 3. **Device Failover:** After covering the communication and frequency failures, in order to provide a single-point-of-failure free wireless network, AeroLink Protection also checks the device status. If the Active node has a power failure, the Backup nodes will automatically resume the wireless communication.
- 4. **Scalable:** AeroLink Protection is designed to allow scalable backup paths so that users can realize complete wireless redundancy from all of the above failure types by increasing the number of backup nodes.
- 5. **Fast Recovery:** In addition to maintaining a redundant wireless network, another key is providing uninterrupted communication even when a failure occurs. AeroLink protection is designed to restore commutation from all failures with 300 ms.

A member of the AeroLink Protection group can take one of the following seven states:

- Initiation State (Init): Initiates the AeroLink Protection Protocol
- Discovering State (Discover): Discovers other AeroLink Protection members for further negotiation
- Idle State (Idle): Internal protocol checkpoint
- Negotiation State (Nego): Negotiates with other AeroLink Protection members and elects an Active node.
- **Backup State (Backup)**: After negotiation, this node is assigned as a Backup node. All traffic will go through the Active node instead.

NOTE When a node is in Backup state, the STATE LED will be blinking.

- **Active State (Active)**: After negotiation, this node is assigned as Active node, which means that all traffic will go through this node.
- Role Change State (Change): If the Active node is no longer capable of data transmission via the WLAN,
 it will turn into Change State to trigger the re-negotiation of the Active node from the Backup nodes.

Beacon

A beacon is a packet broadcast by the AP to keep the network synchronized. A beacon includes the wireless LAN service area, the AP address, the Broadcast destination address, a time stamp, Delivery Traffic Indicator Maps (DTIM), and the Traffic Indicator Message (TIM). Beacon Interval indicates the frequency interval of AP.

DTIM

Delivery Traffic Indication Map (DTIM) is contained in beacon frames. It is used to indicate that broadcast and multicast frames buffered by the AP will be delivered shortly. Lower settings result in more efficient networking, while preventing your PC from dropping into power-saving sleep mode. Higher settings allow your PC to enter sleep mode, thus saving power.

Fragment

A lower setting means smaller packets, which will create more packets for each transmission. If you have decreased this value and experience high packet error rates, you can increase it again, but it will likely decrease overall network performance. Only minor modifications of this value are recommended.

RTS Threshold

RTS Threshold (256-2346) – This setting determines how large a packet can be before the Access Point coordinates transmission and reception to ensure efficient communication. This value should remain at its default setting of 2,346. When you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications are recommended.

STP and RSTP

The STP/RSTP Concept

Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) was designed to help reduce link failures in a network, and provide protection from loops. Networks that have a complicated architecture are prone to broadcast storms caused by unintended loops in the network. The STP protocol is part of the IEEE 802.1D standard, 1998 Edition bridge specification.

Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) implements the Spanning Tree Algorithm and Protocol defined by IEEE 802.1w-2001 standard. RSTP provides the following benefits:

- The topology of a bridged network will be determined much more quickly compared to STP.
- RSTP is backward compatible with STP, making it relatively easy to deploy. For example:
 - > Defaults to sending 802.1D-style BPDUs if packets with this format are received.
 - > STP (802.1D) and RSTP (802.1w) can operate on the LAN ports and WLAN ports (AP and WDS1-WDS8) of the same IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL.

This feature is particularly helpful when the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL connects to older equipment, such as legacy switches.

Differences between RSTP and STP

RSTP is similar to STP, but includes additional information in the BPDUs that allow each bridge to confirm that it has taken action to prevent loops from forming when it decides to enable a link to a neighboring bridge. Adjacent bridges connected via point-to-point links will be able to enable a link without waiting to ensure that all other bridges in the network have had time to react to the change. The main benefit of RSTP is that the configuration decision is made locally rather than network-wide, allowing RSTP to carry out automatic configuration and restore a link faster than STP.

Supporting Information

This chapter presents additional information about this product. You can also learn how to contact Weidmüller for technical support.

The following topics are covered in this appendix:

- ☐ **About** This User's Manual
- □ DoC (Declaration of Conformity)
 - > Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement
 - > R&TTE Compliance Statement

About This User's Manual

This manual is mainly designed for, but not limited to, the following hardware and firmware for the IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL:

Hardware Rev: 1.0.0Firmware Ver: 1.7.8

You are strongly recommended to visit Weidmüller's website (http://www.Weidmueller.com/Downloads) and find the latest product datasheet, firmware, HIG (Hardware Installation Guide), User's Manual and related information.



NOTE

You can find out the hardware revision number of IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL on the side label of the device.

The firmware version number can be seen on the **Overview** page, as follow:

Overview

This screen displays current active settings

System Information

 Model name
 IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL-EU

 Device name
 VL-AP-BR-CL_1164

Serial number 1164

 System uptime
 0 days 00h:42m:10s

 Firmware version
 1.7.8 Build 17122121

DoC (Declaration of Conformity)

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: To assure continued compliance, (example – use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices). Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operated in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator & your body.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC 15.407(e): Within the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, U-NII devices will be restricted to indoor operations to reduce any potential for harmful interference to co-channel MSS operations.

NOTE

The availability of some specific channels and / or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

R&TTE Compliance Statement

Weidmüller declares that the apparatus IE-WL-VL-AP-BR-CL complies with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

This equipment complies with all the requirements of DIRECTIVE 1999/5/CE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE).

The R&TTE Directive repeals and replaces in the directive 98/13/EEC (Telecommunications Terminal Equipment and Satellite Earth Station Equipment) as of April 8, 2000.

Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacturer must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

EU Countries Intended for Use

The ETSI version of this device is intended for home and office use in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France (with Frequency channel restrictions), Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, The Netherlands, and United Kingdom.

The ETSI version of this device is also authorized for use in EFTA member states Norway and Switzerland.

EU Countries Not Intended for Use

None.

Potential Restrictive Use

France: only channels 10, 11, 12, and 13.